## COFFERDAM INSTALLATION, PILING PLACEMENT, AND TREMIE POUR INSPECTOR'S CHECKLIST

CONTROL SECTION	JOB NUMBER		DATE
STRUCTURE NUMBER		PROJECT NAME	
CONTRACTOR		CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER	
INSPECTOR		PROJECT ENGINEER	

INITIALS

# A. Sheeting Installation

- 1. Ensure contractor's cofferdam design is approved before installation of the cofferdam is to begin, per Subsection 704.03.A.
- 2. Ensure contractor uses the correct equipment to install the steel sheet piling. Please refer to the contract plans and special provisions for details on allowable equipment (e.g., The use of vibratory hammers may not be permitted.).
- 3. Ensure the first sheet and subsequent sheets driven for the cofferdam are plumb.
- 4. Ensure materials used to construct cofferdams meet or exceed the materials specified in approved design (e.g., sheeting section modulus, grade of steel, size of walers and struts).
- 5. Ensure the contractor has provided new or used continuous interlock-type steel sheet piling including connection and corner pieces. Used steel sheet piling must be in good condition.
- 6. Ensure cofferdams are constructed in accordance with the approved design dimensions and staged construction requirements.
- 7. Ensure temporary left in place and/or permanent steel sheet piling meets Buy America requirements.
- 8. Ensure contractor maintains an approved cofferdam design on-site as required by MIOSHA Construction Safety Standards. (Note: Any deviation from the approved cofferdam design must be documented by the designer, reapproved by the Engineer, and kept in the on-site documentation.)

#### **B.** Prior to Placing Foundation Piling

- 1. Check to make sure the bottom of tremie is excavated to the plan elevation using probes in a grid pattern.
- 2. Ensure the contractor has checked the sheet pile corrugations to make sure they are cleaned to the full depth of the tremie excavation. (Note: This will help ensure a watertight seal.)

### C. During Installation of Foundation Piling

- 1. Ensure the contractor is placing the piling in the right location. Note: If piling is battered and contractor is not able to drive the pile at the bottom of footing elevation (e.g., cofferdam in a stream), check to make sure contractor has placed their template in the correct location, if they use a template.
- 2. Ensure the position of each pile at the cutoff elevation is within 6 inches of the position shown on the plans. Note: If the pile needs to be moved due to an obstruction, or some other interference, contact the Bridge Design Engineer to see if or how the pile can be repositioned.

#### D. Immediately Prior to Pour

- 1. Recheck bottom of tremie elevation.
- 2. Ensure the contractor has some type of measuring device to measure grade of the tremie. The measuring device should also be capable of checking for a reasonably level surface.
- 3. Ensure water level inside the cofferdam is equal to, or greater than, water outside the cofferdam.

#### E. During the Pour

- 1. When testing concrete, take concrete samples from the concrete truck. Do not remove tremie tube from the fresh concrete to obtain the concrete sample.
- 2. Ensure the contractor is checking the grade of the tremie. Place concrete to at least the elevation of the top of tremie seal, but no more than +6 inches above the tremie seal, per Subsection 706.03.H.3.
- 3. Ensure contractor always keeps the tremie tube in the freshly deposited concrete; only withdraw the tremie upon completion of each pour, or as required to get by piling or cofferdam bracing, per Subsection 706.03.H.3.
- 4. Ensure contractor pours tremie per Subsection 706.03.H.3.
- 5. Ensure contractor pumps off any displaced water during the tremie pour into a filter bag, per Subsection 704.03.C. Do not pump water below the water level at the start of the pour. Note: Contractor is not allowed to have any displaced water overtop the cofferdam sheeting.

### F. After the Pour

- 1. Ensure the concrete has attained at least 50 percent of the 28-day compressive strength or after test beams break with a modulus of rupture of at least 325 psi, per Subsection 706.03.H.3.
- 2. Ensure contractor removes all concrete in excess of +6 inches above the tremie seals, per Subsection 706.03.H.3.
- 3. Ensure contractor is pumping water from the cofferdam into a filter bag if the water is not silt and sediment free, per Subsection 704.03.C.
- 4. Ensure contractor cuts off piles normal to the longitudinal axis of the pile and within 1 inch of the elevation required, per Subsection 705.03.I.

### G. During Forming of Footing

1. Ensure a distance of at least 9 inches between the edges of piles and the outline of the superimposed concrete, per Subsection 705.03.C.2.e.

Note: Cut off the "Cofferdams, Left in Place" at elevation shown on the plans. Do not pull up or re-drive cofferdam sheeting to match the cut off elevation, unless otherwise shown on the plans or approved by the Engineer.