Big Rapids Area
Transportation Study
External Survey

## Factual Data <br> and

Trip Tables

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Big Rapids Area Transportation Study<br>External Survey<br>Factual Data and<br>Trip Tables<br>Cooperating Agencies:<br>City of Big Rapids<br>Mecosta County Road Commission<br>U.S. Department of Transportation<br>Federal Highway Administration<br>> LIBRARY > michigan department of > state highways LANSING<br>Prepared By:<br>Transportation Planning Division<br>Sam F. Cryderman, Engineer<br>Transportation Survey and Analysis Section<br>K. E. Bushnell, Engineer<br>Leo Farmang Unit Supervisor<br>Phillip Lamb, Transportation Analyst<br>David Jewison, Transportation Analyst

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## DEPARTMENT OF STATE HIGHWAYS

STATE HIGHWAYS BUILDING - POST OFFICE DRAWERK - LANSING, MICHIGAN 49904 HENRIK E. STAFSETH, Director.

September 10,1970

Mr. Sam F. Cryderman
Engineer of Transportation Planning Transportation Planning Division Michigan Department of State Highways Lansing, Michigan 48904

Dear Mr. Cryderman:
This presents the "Factual Data and Trip Tables" report for the 1968 Big Rapids Area Transportation Study External Survey. This publication fulfills a requirement of the Bureau of Public Roads.

The purpose of this report is to summarize the base year data obtained from the Origin-Destination survey including trip tables.

This report was prepared by the following Transportation Analysts of the Northwest Michigan Analysis Unit of the Transportation Survey and Analysis Section: Phillip Lamb, David Jewison. Their Supervisor is Leo Farman.

Sincerely,

K. E. Bushnell, Engineer

Transportation Survey \& Analysis

## PREFACE

During the month of July, 1968 , the Transportation Planning Division of the Department of State Highways, conducted an external origin and destination survey at Big Rapids, Michigan. Its purpose is to determine the traffic patterns in Big Rapids as a sound basis for planning the efficient traffic arteries needed in the future.

This report "Factual Data and Trip Tables", is the first of two or more reports which will present the results of the traffic study. The data in this report will serve as the basis for study and detailed recommendations by the Department's Planners and by local officials. Subsequent reports will consider the suggested solutions to local traffic problems, made possible by this data.
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#### Abstract

Mecosta County is located in the west central part of Michigan's Lower Peninsula. Prior to 1850, Mecosta County had not been penetrated except for an occasional trapper or missonary bound for the northern part of the State.

The early history of Big Rapids was very prominently associated with the lumbering industry of Michigan. The Muskegon River upon which it is located was an important artery of commerce to lumbering operations. The early lumberman's reference to the swift current near the City as "The Big Rapids" was a natural name when the original settlement began.


The City of Big Rapids was never a legally incorporated village. Its affairs were conducted by Township officials until 1869 when it incorporated as a City. Its first frame dwelling was a two-story boarding house built in 1857. A water power sawmill was built in the same year. The first school was a two-story frame building built in 1859 , and a bridge over the Muskegon River was completed in 1860. The post Civil War years were years of great activity in Big Rapids. Stores were built and trade expanded. There was a great transient population in these logging days and many hotels, boarding houses and saloons existed. There were two breweries in Big Rapids in 1880 .

Mr. and Mrs. Woodbridge Nathan Ferris arrived in Big Rapids in May 1884, and prepared to organize a school which opened in September of that year with an enrollment of 15. The student body steadily grew and in 1894 the school was incorporated. By 1901 a three story red brick building was erected and enrollment reached 2,000 in 1906. Ferris State College continues to be an important asset to the City of Big Rapids.

The Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad first served Big Rapids in 1870, followed by the Chicago and West Michigan in 1873. The Detroit, Lansing and Northern Railroad began operating in 1880. Big Rapids is served by two State Trunk Lines. US-131 is the more important and carries the North-South traffic, while M-20 carries the East-West traffic. A Freeway is planned to replace US-131. Big Rapids also has an airport.

## SURVEY AREA

Big Rapids is a city of 5,800 people, located on the Muskegon River in Mecosta County. Population within the entire survey area is estimated at 15,000 . This area is composed of the city of Big Rapids and part of Big Rapids Township. The entire survey area covers approximately 8 square miles.

## BIG RAPIDS AREA EXTERNAL O.D. STUDY



MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF STATE HIGHWAYS


#### Abstract

Field work on the Big Rapids Traffic Study was conducted during the month of July, 1968. The purpose was to accumulate data concerning the movement of people and goods by motor vehicle through, into and out of the study area.

Data for the study of external trips was obtained at a cordon of six interview stations established on all of the important roads leading into the study area. At each of these stations, vehicles were stopped and the drivers interviewed concerning the origin, destination and purpose. of their trips. Manual vehicle classification counts were taken at the six stations for twenty-four hours.

Answers to the interview questions were recorded on Form 0-D 4. One line of this form was used for each vehicle interviewed. A sample copy of Form O-D 4 is shown in Appendix "A". Both inbound and outbound vehicles were interviewed. They were recorded each hour at each station by direction of travel.


Central Business District

Cordon Line:

Cordon Trip, Terminal Trip:

Destination:
Downtown Area:

External:
External Station:

External Trip:

Internal:

Non Resident:

Origin:

Origin-Destination Zone, O-D Zone, Zone:

Resident:

Study Area:

Through Trip:

Trip:

Trip Terminal:

The zones comprising the concentrated commercial and retail business center of the city.

A hypothetical line encompassing the area under study.

A trip with one terminal outside the study area and one terminal inside the study area.

The place where a trip ends.
The zones comprising the $C B D$ and its commercial-residential fringe.

Outside the study area.
A point on a highway at the limits of the study area at which the drivers of vehicles were interviewed.

A trip with one or both of its terminals outside the study area.

Within the study area.
A person living outside the study area.

The place where the trip begins.

A basic subdivision of the study area having a single or dominant land use, designated for purposes of tabulation and analysis.

A person living within the study area.

The area enclosed by the cordon line.

A trip passing through the study area with the terminals outside the study area.

One-way travel between an origin and destination.

The point where a trip begins or ends.

Many factors are responsible for the patterns of traffic volumes within a community. Such items as land use, street width, type and condition of street surface, parking restrictions, one or two way operation and signalization attract traffic to certain routes. The majority of motorists in the Big Rapids Area voluntarily confine their travel to a small number of streets. These are: State Street (US-131), Maple Street (M-20), Colburn Avenue, Mi11 Pond Road, Catherine Street, Bjornsen Street, Milton Avenue, $205 t h$ Avenue, Madison Street, West Avenue, Pere Marquette Street-Baldwin Street, Pine Street, Michigan Avenue, Ives Avenue, Third Avenue (M-20), Rust Avenue-E1m Street, Oak Street, and South Street.

Traffic volumes on these thoroughfares are in most cases small in the peripheral areas, gradually increasing as these routes converge upon the central area, and reaching their maximum in the Big Rapids central business district. The highest traffic volume in the city ( 19,380 vehicles, July weekday) occurred on State Street (US-131) North of Maple Street (M-20).

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Traffic decreases, along US-131 (North), to 7,700 at the north city limit. Other streets and their approximate $24-h o u r$ July weekday volumes are Pine Street (1,840), Michigan Avenue (3,590), Maple Street (8, 110), Third Avenue (6, 340), Elm Street $(2,290)$, Oak Street $(2,150)$, Ives Avenue $(1,120)$, and South Street (2,040) .


LEGEND


DIAGRAM NO. 2


## SUMMARY

Total Traffic
On an average July weekday in 1968 , approximately 19,905 vehicles passed the six interview stations located on the federal aid primary and secondary highways serving Big Rabids. Of the 19,905 vehicles, $16,886(84.8 \%)$ traveled on the state highways.

The traffic volume at each station is as follows:

Location
US-131-North - 0. 8 Mi. North of West Ave M-20 - East - 0. 15 Mi. East of 190 th Ave. US-131 - South - 1.0 Mi. South of S. Jct.M-20 M-20 - West - 0.9 Mi. West of 205 th Avenue Colburn Avenue - 0.6 Mi . East of Big Rapids E.C.L.

Mi11 Pond Road - 0.6 Mi . S.E. of $\mathrm{M}-20$
23 TOTAL ALL STATIONS

1464
7.3

Percent of Total 38.7
7.4 35.1
3.7

9,905
$100.0 \%$

## COMPARISON OF BIG RAPIDS TRAFFIC

WITH OTHER MICHIGAN COMMUNItIES

## DATA COMPARED

|  | Big Rapids | Fremont | Petoskey |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month and Year of Survey | July, 1968 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July \& } \\ & \text { Aug., } 1969 \end{aligned}$ | July, 1967 |
| Population Year of Survey | 15,800 | 4,880 | 7,430 |
| Total Trips Per Day | 16,176 | 12,833 | 18,775 |
| Trips Per Person Population | 1.02 | 2.63 | 2.53 |
| Terminal Trips Per Day | 12,447 | 11,160 | 13,599 |
| Percent of Total Trips | 76.9 | 87.0 | 72.4 |
| Through Trips Per Day | 3,729 | 1,673 | 5,176 |
| Percent of total Trips | 23.1 | 13.0 | 27.6 |
| Terminal Auto Trips Per Day | 10,467 | 9,079 | 11,623 |
| Percent of Total Trips | 64.7 | 70.8 | 61.9 |
| Terminal Truck Trips Per Day | 1,980 | 2,081 | 1,976 |
| Percent of Total Trips | 12.3 | 16.2 | 10.5 |
| Through Auto Trips Per Day | 2,753 | 1,321 | 4,619 |
| Percent of Total Trips | 17.0 | 10.3 | 24.6 |
| Through Truck Trips Per Day | 976 | 352 | 557 |
| Percent of Total Trips | 6.0 | 2.7 | 3.0 |
| Percent of Total Trips for Social-Recreation Purpose | 28.4 | 30.7 | 35.9 |
| Percent of Terminal Trips to Central Business District | 13.8 | 20.8 | 36.4 |
| Average Passenger Car Occupancy f Vehicles Owned Inside the Area | 1.90 | 2.02 | 1.82 |
| Average Passenger Car Occupancy f Vehicles Owned Outside the Area | 2.02 | 1.97 | 2.33 |

Automobile and Truck Traffic

Automobiles account for 15,973 vehicles or 80.2 percent of the total traffic. The remaining 3,932 vehicles are trucks of which 3,134 , or 15.7 percent of the total traffic, are single unit trucks.

The traffic volume by vehicle type at each station is 1isted below:

Location
US-131 North
M-20 East
US-131 South
M-20 West

Colburn Avenue
Mill Pond Road

| Auto \& Taxi |  |  | Single Unit |  | Trailer Comb. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Station | Vehicles | \% | Vehicles | \% | Vehicles | \% |
| 18 | 6055 | 78.6 | 1284 | 16.7 | 361 | 4.7 |
| 19. | 1242 | 84.4 | 193 | 13.1 | 37 | 2.5 |
| 20 | 5556 | 79.5 | 1060 | 15.2 | 369 | 5.3 |
| 21 | 576 | 79.0 | 149 | 20.4 | 4 | 0.6 |
| 22 | 1304 | 83.9 | 234 | 15.0 | 17 | 1.1 |
| 23 | 1240 | 84.7 | 214 | 14.6 | 10 | 0.7 |
|  | 15,973 | 80.2\% | 3,134 | 15.7\% | 798 | 4.1 |

HIGH. ONE-HOUR, TWO-HOUR AND THREE-HOUR PERIODS

| Sta. <br> No. | Time | $\frac{\text { One Hour }}{\text { Volume }}$ | $\%$ | Time | $\frac{\text { Two Hour }}{\text { Volume }}$ | $\%$ |  | Time $\frac{\text { Three Hour }}{\text { Volume }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | $1-2 \mathrm{P}$ | 612 | 7.8 | $12 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{P}$ | 1136 | 14.6 | $11 \mathrm{~A}-2 \mathrm{P}$ | 1745 |  |
| 19 | $5-6 \mathrm{P}$ | 150 | 10.6 | $4-6 \mathrm{P}$ | 264 | 18.6 | $3-6 \mathrm{P}$ | 389 | 27.4 |
| 20 | $3-4 \mathrm{P}$ | 526 | 7.7 | $2-4 \mathrm{P}$ | 1010 | 14.8 | $3-6 \mathrm{P}$ | 1499 | 22.0 |
| 21 | $10-11 \mathrm{~A}$ | 98 | 12.1 | $10-12 \mathrm{~N}$ | 187 | 23.1 | $10 \mathrm{~A}-1 \mathrm{P}$ | 245 | 30.3 |
| 22 | $3-4 \mathrm{P}$ | 176 | 9.8 | $3-5 \mathrm{P}$ | 307 | 17.0 | $3-6 \mathrm{P}$ | 470 | 26.1 |
| 23 | $5-6 \mathrm{P}$ | 147 | 9.5 | $4-6 \mathrm{P}$ | 269 | 17.4 | $4-7 \mathrm{P}$ | 362 |  |

The above table summarizes the traffic movement at each external station during the high one-hour, two-hour and three-hour periods. For each period, the table shows the traffic volume, its percentage of the station total and time of occurrence. The largest external traffic movement for all stations combined (4, 527 vehicles or $22.4 \%$ ) occurred during the afternoon between 3:00 PM and 6:00. PM. The highest one-hour period for all stations (1, 545 vehicles or $7.7 \%$ ) was from 5:00 PM - 6:00 PM. The highest two-hour period for all stations (3, 029 vehicles or $15.0 \%$ ) occurred during the afternoon between 4:00 PM and 6:00 PM.

## TRIP MOVEMENTS

The diagram on page 21 graphically shows the through traffic movement. The following tables are a consolidation of the through and terminal traffic by vehicle type and by trip purpose. Of the total numbers of trips made, 3,729 (23.1\%) were through trips, and 12,447 ( $76.9 \%$ ) were terminal trips. A through vehicle is counted twice. It is counted at both its entering and departing stations.

The table shows that more than 8 out of 10 vehicles were autos. Nearly 5 out of 10 through trips were made for the purpose of social-recreation. More than 4 out of 10 terminal trips (5,337 trips) were made for the purpose of work. Work and social-recreation accounted for 69.8 percent of the total traffic movement. All trips not listed under work, business, or shopping that were made for other purposes are included under social-recreation.

| Through Traffic <br> Number <br> of |  |  | ```Terminal Traffic Number of Trips Percent``` |  | ```Total Traffic Number of Trips Percent``` |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auto | 2,753 | 73.8 | 10,467 | 84.1 | 13,220 | 81.7 |
| Single Unit Truck | 659 | 17.7 | 1,816 | 14.6 | 2,475 | 15.3 |
| Trailer Comb. Truck | 317 | 8.5 | 164 | 1.3 | 481 | 3.0 |
| Totals | 3,729 | 100.0 | 12,447 | 100.0 | 16,176 | 100.0 |
| Percent of TotalsTHROUGH ANDThrousTrip Purpose | 23.1 |  | 76.9 |  | 100.0 |  |
|  | RMINAI | TRAFFIC | BY TRIP | URPOSE |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Traff } \\ \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \end{gathered}$ |  | ```Terminal Traffic Number of Trips Percent``` |  | ```Total Traffic Number of Trips Percent``` |  |
|  | Trips | Percent |  |  |  |  |
| Work | 1,367 | 36.6 | 5,337 | 42.9 | 6,704 | 41.4 |
| Business | 461 | 12.4 | 2,432 | 19.5 | 2,893 | 17.9 |
| Shopping | 86 | 2.3 | 1,904 | 15.3 | 1,990 | 12.3 |
| Social-Recreation | 1,815 | 48.7 | 2,774 | 22.3 | 4,589 | 28.4 |
| Totals | 3,729 | 100.0 | 12,447 | 100.0 | 16,176 | 100.0 |
| Percent of Totals | 23.1 |  | 76.9 |  | 100.0 |  |

## PASSENGER CAR OCCUPANCY


#### Abstract

Separate tabulations were made for vehicles owned inside the study area and those owned outside the area. The first table shows the average occupancy of passenger cars owned by area residents making trips that crossed the cordon line. The second table shows the average occupancy of passenger cars owned by non-residents and garaged outside the study area making trips that crossed the cordon line. The tabulations use the driver's trip purpose and includes him in the occupancy count.

About half of all person travel is accounted for by the driver of the car. Of the principal purpose categories, social-recreation had the greatest number of passengers. This is expected since social-recreation is most often a family oriented activity. The average auto occupancy rate for vehicles owned outside the area are higher. The longer trip lengths that can be expected may influence the auto occupancy rate.


## PASSENGER CAR OCCUPANCY TABLE <br> VEHICLES OWNED INSIDE THE AREA

| TO-Purpose Of Trip | Number of Vehicles | \% of Vehicles | Number of Occupants | Average Occupants |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WORK | 904 | 29.1 | 1220 | 1. 35 |
| BUSINESS | 755 | 24.3 | 1314 | 1.74 |
| SHOPPING | 242 | 7.8 | 557 | 2.30 |
| SOCIAL-REC. | 1204 | 38.8 | 2817 | 2.34 |
| SUE-TOTAL | 3105 | 100.0 | 5908 | 1.90 |

VEHICLES OWNED OUTSIDE THE AREA


TOTAL TRAFFIC AND THROUGH TRAFFIC INTERCHANGE
: Desire line diagram No. 4 shows the total traffic passing each station and the station interchange of through traffic. The 7,458 through vehicles consist of only 3,729 through trips as each vehicle is counted at both its entering and departing stations. The 7,458 through vehicles represent 37.5 percent of the 19,905 total vehicles passing the six interview stations.

The largest through traffic movement is the 3,036 north-south movement on US-131 interchanging between Stations 18 and 20.

Station 18 (US-131 North) has the largest traffic flow with 7,700 vehicles per day or 38.7 percent of the total traffic.

The following table shows the station interchange of through traffic, the terminal and total traffic passing each station:



DIAGRAM NO. 4

TOTAL AUTO TRAFFIC AND AUTO THROUGH TRAFFIC INTERCHANGE

Desire line diagram No. 5 shows the total auto traffic passing each station and the station interchange of through auto traffic. The 5,506 through autos consist of only 2,753 through auto trips as each vehicle is counted at both its entering and departing stations. The 5,506 through autos represents 34.5 percent of the total auto traffic of 15,973 autos passing the six interview stations.

The heaviest through auto traffic movement is the 2,217 north-south trips on US-131 interchanging between Stations 18 and 20 .

Station 18 has the largest total auto traffic flow of 6,055 autos or 37.9 percent of the total auto traffic.

The following table shows the station interchange of through auto traffic, the terminal and total auto traffic passing each station:




TOTAL SINGLE UNIT TRUCK TRAFFIC AND
SINGLE UNIT TRUGK THROUGH TRAFFIC INTERCHANGE

Desire line diagram No. $\quad 6$ shows the total single unit truck traffic passing each station and the station interchange of through single unit truck traffic. The 1318 through single init trucks consist of only 659 through single unit truck trips as each vehicle is counted at both its entering and departing stations. The 1318 through single unit truck trips represents 42.1 percent of the total single unit truck traffic of 3134 single unit trucks passing the six interview stations.

The heaviest through single unit truck traffic movement is the 516 north-south trips on US-131 interchanging between stations 18 and 20 .

Station 18 has the largest total single unit truck traffic flow of 1284 single unit trucks or 41.0 percent of the total single unit truck traffic.

The following table shows the station interchange of through single unit truck traffic, the terminal and total single unit truck traffic passing each station:




#### Abstract

Desire line diagram No. 7 shows the total trailer combination truck traffic passing each station and the station interchange of through trailer combination truck traffic. The 634 through trailer combination trucks consist of only 317 through trailer combination truck trips as each vehicle is counted at both its entering and departing stations. The 634 through trailer combination trucks represents 79.4 percent of the total trailer combination traffic of 798 trailer combination trucks passing the six interview stations.

The heaviest through trailer combination truck movement is the 303 north-south trips on US-131 interchanging between Stations 18 and 20 . Station 20 has the largest total trailer combination truck traffic flow of 369 trailer combination trucks or 46.2 percent of the total trailer combination truck traffic.

The following table shows the station interchange of through trailer combination truck traffic, the terminal and total trailer combination truck traffic passing each station:





TERMINAL TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION BY INTERNAL ZONE AND StATION TOTAL DRIVER TRIPS

The 12,447 total driver trips have terminals in zones as designated on the following page and desire line diagram Nos. $8,4,10,11,12, \& 13$.

Approximately 77.4 percent of the vehicles making a trip into or out of the study area passed through the four trunkline stations.

The central business district, zone 10 , is origin or destination of $2,231(17.9 \%)$ of the 12,447 terminal trips. Zone 14 , containing Ferris State College, is second highest with: 2,055 (16.5\%) trips.

## TERMINAL TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION

BY INTERNAL ZONE AND STATION
TOTAL DRYVER TRIPS
Entering or Departing Stations

| Internal Zone | $\begin{gathered} \text { Zone } \\ \text { Totals } \end{gathered}$ | US-131 <br> North <br> Sta. 18 | $\begin{aligned} & M-20 \\ & \text { East } \\ & \text { Sta. } 19 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { US-131 } \\ & \text { South } \\ & \text { Sta. } 20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M-20 \\ & \text { West } \\ & \text { Sta. } 21 \end{aligned}$ | Colburn <br> Avenue <br> Sta. 22 | Mi11 <br> Pond <br> Road $\text { Sta. } 23$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 228 | 115 | 14 | 51 | 4 | 20 | 24 | 1.8 |
| 2 | 715 | 283 | 75 | 156 | 38 | 79 | 84 | 5.7 |
| 3 | 388 | 101 | 19 | 53 | 7 | 132 | 76 | 3.1 |
| 4 | 379 | 85 | 39 | 88 | 15 | 80 | 72 | 3.1 |
| 5 | 168 | 52 | 17 | 40 | 7 | 28 | 24 | 1.4 |
| 6 | 222 | 92 | 15 | 43 | 13 | 8 | 51. | 1.8 |
| 7 | 851. | 355 | 70 | 236 | 27 | 71 | 92 | 6.8 |
| 8 | 951 | 266 | 100 | 172 | 34 | 238 | 141 | 7.6 |
| 9 | 672 | 281 | 67 | 200 | 23 | 33 | 68 | 5.4 |
| 10 | 22.31 | 887 | 219 | 611 | 88 | 209 | 217 | 17.9 |
| 11 | 621 | 201 | 55 | 224 | 17 | 65 | 59 | 5.0 |
| 12 | 333 | 132 | 39 | 87 | 10 | 21 | 44 | 2.7 |
| 13 | 554 | 136 | 72 | 132 | 18 | 94 | 102 | 4.5 |
| 14 | 2055 | 625 | 166 | 869 | 95 | 153 | 147 | 1.6.5 |
| 15 | 1128 | 406 | 81 | 343 | 67 | 130 | 101 | 9.1 |
| 16 | 711 | 239 | 59 | 295 | 36 | 44 | 38 | 5.7 |
| 17 | 240 | 49 | 26 | 88 | 14 | 33 | 30 | -1.9 |

$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { TOTAL } & 12,447 & 4,305 & 1,133 & 3,688 & 513 & 1,438 & 1,370\end{array}$
PERCENT
$34.6 \quad 9.1$
29.6
4.1
11.6
$11.0 \quad 100.0$







TERMINAL TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION BY INTERNAL ZONE AND STATION AUTO DRIVER TRTPS

The 10,467 total auto driver trips have terminals in zones as designated in the table. Approximately 64 percent of the terminal auto trips passed through Stations 18 and 20.

Ferris State College, zone 14 , is origin or destination of $1,866(17.8 \%)$ of the 10,467 terminal auto trips. Zone 10 , the central business district, is second with 1,855 (17.7\%) trips.


TERMINAL TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION BY INTERNAL ZONE AND STATION SINGLE UNIT TRUCK TRIPS

The 1,816 total single unit truck driver trips have terminals in zones as designated in the table. Approximately 37.6 percent of the single unit trucks making terminal trips pass Station 18 on US-131 North.

Approximately 19 percent of the 1,816 single unit trucks have a terminal in zone 10 (CBD). Zone 13 has 11.4 percent of the total terminal single unit truck trips as compared to only 3.0 percent of the terminal auto driver trips and 4.5 percent of all terminal traffic. This is due to the land use activity in this zone which is largely commercial with some manufacturing.


TERMINAL TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION BY INTERNAL ZONE AND STATION TRAILER COMBINATION TRUCK TRIPS

The 164 total trailer combination truck driver trips have terminals in zones as designated in the table. Approximately 38 percent of the trailer combination trucks making terminal trips pass Station 20 on US-131 South. Zones $4,10,13$, and 15 account for 119 ( $72.6 \%$ ) terminal trailer combination truck trips. Zone 4 is primarily manufacturing while the others are mainly commercial in nature.

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## TERMINAL TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION <br> BY INTERNAL ZONE AND STATION <br> TRAILER COMBINATION TRIPS <br> Entering or Departing Stations

| Internal Zone | $\begin{gathered} \text { Zone } \\ \text { Totals } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M-1. } 31 \\ & \text { North } \\ & \text { Sta. } 18 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & M-20 \\ & \text { East } \\ & \text { Sta. } 19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { US-131 } \\ & \text { South } \\ & \text { Sta. } 20 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $M-20$ <br> West <br> Sta. 21 | Colburn Avenue Sta. 22 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mil1 } \\ \text { Pond } \\ \text { Road } \\ \text { Sta. } 23 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | ```Percent of Total``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.3 |
| 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1.2 |
| 4 | 29 | 0 | 17 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 17.7 |
| 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.8 |
| 6 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.8 |
| 7 | 16 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9.8 |
| 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 9 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.7 |
| 10 | 33 | 16 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 20.1 |
| 11 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1. 2 |
| 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 13 | 35 | 13 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 21.4 |
| 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 15 | 22 | 8 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 13.4 |
| 16 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.8 |
| 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| TOTAL | 164 | 49 | 28 | 62 | 1 | 15 | 9 |  |
| PERCENT |  | 29.9 | 17.1 | 37.8 | 0.6 | 9.1 | 5.5 | 100.0 |

A total of 7,700 vehicles passed through Station 18 on US-131 North of Big Rapids. Tabulations on the foilowing pages give a detailed analysis of this traffic.

Approximately 56 percent of the vehicles had a terminal inside the study area. Eight of every 10 vehicles were autos, whether they traveled into or through the area.

More than 16 out of every 100 vehicles were single unit trucks. Less than 5 out of every 100 vehicles were trailer combination trucks.

The largest through traffic movement at this station is the 3,036 ( $89.4 \%$ ) vehicles interchanging with Station 20 on US-131 South. Of these 3,036 vehicles, 819 are trucks of which 5 out of 8 are single unit trucks.

The heaviest terminal traffic movements are to and from Zone 10 (The Central Business District) and Zone 14 (Ferris State College).

Approximately 7 out of 10 trips passing through the station were made for the purpose of work or social-recreation. Five out of 10 through trips were made for the purpose of social-recreation. Four out of 10 terminal trips were for the purpose of work.

Approximately half of the trips interchanging with Station 20 on US-131 South were for the purposc of socialrecreation.

The largest terminal trip movements by purpose were the 368 work trips to Zone 14 (Ferris State College) and 286 work trips to Zone 10 (The Central Business District).

D. Terminal Traffic Distribution of 4305 Vehicles

| Zone |  | Truck |  | TotalVehicles | Percent of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Autos | Single Unit | Trailer Combination |  |  |
| 1 | 62 | 53 | 0 | 115 | 2.7 |
| 2 | 234 | 47 | 2 | 283 | 6.6 |
| 3 | 73 | 28 | 0 | 101 | 2.3 |
| 4 | 67 | 18 | 0 | 85 | 2.0 |
| 5 | 39 | 12 | 1 | 52 | 1.2 |
| 6 | 83 | 9 | 0 | 92 | 2.1 |
| 7 | 297 | 53 | 5 | 355 | 8.2 |
| 8 | 222 | 44 | 0 | 266 | 6.2 |
| 9 | 228 | 51 | 2 | 281 | 6.5 |
| 10 | 737 | 134 | 16 | 887 | 20.6 |
| 11 | 185 | 15 | 1 | 201 | 4.7 |
| 12 | 107 | 25 | 0 | 132 | 3.1 |
| 13 | 62 | 61 | 13 | 136 | 3.2 |
| 14 | 565 | 60 | 0 | 625 | 14.5 |
| 15 | 354 | 44 | 8 | 406 | 9.4 |
| 16 | 213 | 25 | 1 | 239 | 5.6 |
| 17 | 45 | 4 | 0 | 49 | 1.1 |
|  |  | - | - | - | --- |
| Total | 3573 | 683 | 49 | 4305 | 100.0 |

2. Total Traffic Through Station 18 By Trip Purpose

| Work | Business | Shopping | Social-. <br> 3034 | 1366 | 813 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

A. Through Traffic Interchange By Trip Purpose

| Station | Work | Business | Shopping | Social- <br> Recreation | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | 57 | 23 | 9 | 62 | 151 |

Total
20
1102
358
60
1516
3036

21
37
12
2
58
109

22
22
8
1
10
41
14
58
23
39 . 5
0
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Percent of Total
37.0
12.0
2.1
48.9
100.0
B. Terminal Traffic Distribution By Trip Purpose

|  | Zone | Work | Business | Shopping | SocialRecreation | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 50 | 29 | 16 | 20 | 115 |
|  | 2 | 137 | 64 | 16 | 66 | 283 |
|  | 3 | 87 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 101 |
|  | 4 | 60 | 6 | 5 | 14 | 85 |
|  | 5 | 34 | 9 | 3 | 6 | 52 |
|  | 6 | 64 | 16 | 3 | 9 | 92 |
|  | 7 | 106 | 77 | 119 | 53 | 355 |
|  | 8 | 99 | 76 | 17 | 74 | 266 |
|  | 9 | 104 | 66 | 23 | 88 | 281 |
|  | 10 | 286 | 224 | 251 | 126 | 887 |
|  | 11 | 65 | 42 | 27 | 67 | 201 |
|  | 12 | 42 | 21 | 18 | 51 | 132 |
|  | 13 | 82 | 31 | 8 | 15 | 136 |
|  | 14 | 368 | 129 | 1.9 | 109 | 625 |
|  | 15 | 82 | 111 | 160 | 53 | 406 |
|  | 1.6 | 87 | 33 | 48 | 71 | 239 |
|  | 17 | 24 | 20 | 0 | 5 | 49 |
|  | Total | 1777 | 960 | 741 | 827 | 4305 |
| Percent | of Tot | 41.3 | 22.3 | 17.2 | 19.2 | 100.0 |

A total of 1,472 vehicles passed through Station 19 on M-20 East of Big Rapids. Tabulations on the following pages give a detailed analysis of this traffic.

Approximately 3 out of every 4 vehicles had a terminal inside the study area. Eight of every 10 vehicles were autos, whether they traveled into or through the area.

Approximately 13 out of 100 vheicles were single unit trucks. Two (or more) out of 100 vehicles were trailer combination trucks.

The largest through traffic movement at this station is the 151 ( $44.5 \%$ ) vehicles interchanging with Station 18 on US-131 North. Of these 151 vehicles, approximately 1 of 4 is a truck of which more than 8 out of 10 are single unit trucks.

The heaviest terminal traffic movements are to or from the same zones as for Station 18.

One third of the trips passing through the station were made for the purpose of work. Four out of 10 through trips were made for the purpose of social-recreation.

The largest terminal trip movements by purpose were the 91 shopping trips to Zone 10 (CBD) and the 77 work trips to Zone 14 (Ferris State College).

1. Total Traffic Through Station_19 By Vehicle Type

Through
339
23.0

Auto
1242
84.4

Terminal
1133
77.0
13.1

Total
1472 Vehicles
100.0 Percent of Total
Single Unit ${ }^{\text {Truck }}$ Trailer Combination
$193 \quad 37$ Vehicles
2.5 Percent of Total
A. Through Traffic: 339 Vehicles

Truck
Auto
263
77.6

Auto
979
86.4
Station

| Station | Autos | Single Unit | Trailer Combination | Vehicles | of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 112 | 33 | 6 | 151 | 44.5 |
| 20 | 110 | 23 | 3 | 136 | 40.1 |
| 21 | 39 | 10 | 0 | 49 | 14.5 |
| 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 23 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0.9 |
| Total | 263 | 67 | 9 | 339 | 100.0 |


2. Total Traffic Through Station 19 By Trip Purpose

| Work | Social |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Business | Shopping | Recreation | Total |  |  |
| 490 | 290 | 213 | 479 | 1472 | Vehicles |  |
| 33.3 | 19.7 | 14.5 | 32.5 | 100.0 | Percent of | Total |

A. Through Traffic Interchange By Trip Purpose

| Station | Work | Business | Shopping | Social <br> Recreation | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 57 | 23 | 9 | 62 | 151 |
| 20 | 41 | 28 | 10 | 57 | 136 |
| 21 | 18 | 6 | 2 | 23 | 49 |
| 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 23 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Total | 118 | 58 | 21 | 142 | 339 |
| Percent |  |  |  |  |  |
| of Total | 34.8 | 17.1 | 6.2 | 41.9 | 100.0 |

B. Terminal Traffic Distribution By Trip Purpose

| Zone | Work | Business | Shopping | SocialRecreation | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 14 |
| 2 | 28 | 14 | 8 | 25 | 75 |
| 3 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 19 |
| 4 | 30 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 39 |
| 5 | 13 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1.7 |
| 6 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 15 |
| 7 | 1.8 | 12 | 14 | 26 | 70 |
| 8 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 55 | 100 |
| 9 | 9 | 14 | 4 | 40 | 67 |
| 10 | 60 | 52 | 91 | 16 | 219 |
| 11 | 11 | 19 | 3 | 22 | 55 |
| 12 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 33 | 39 |
| 13 | 33 | 9 | 16 | 14 | 72 |
| 14 | 77 | 44 | 2 | 43 | 166 |
| 15 | 19 | 19 | 28 | 15 | 81. |
| 16 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 36 | 59 |
| 17 | 6 | 15 | 0 | $\underline{5}$ | 26 |
| Total | 372 | 232 | 192 | 337 | 1133 |
| Percent <br> of Total 32.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 20.5 | 16.9 | 29.8 | 100.0 |

STATION 20 (US-131 SOUTH)<br>THROUGH AND TERMINAL TRAFFIC<br>BY VEHICLE TYPE<br>BY TRIP PURPOSE

A total of 6,985 vehicles passed through Station 20 on US-131 South of Big Rapids. Tabulations on the following pages give a detailed analysis of this traff Z c.

The through and terminal traffic passing this station is nearly equally divided. Eight of every 10 vehicles were autos. Trailer combination trucks accounted for one fourth of the total truck traffic.

The largest through traffic movement at this station is the $3,036(92.1 \%)$ vehicles interchanging with Station 18 on US-131 North. Of these 3,036 vehicles, more than 1 of 4 is a truck of which 5 out of 8 are single unit trucks.

The heaviest terminal traffic movements are to and from Zone 14 (Ferris State College) and Zone 10 (The Central Business District).

Approximately 4 out of 10 trips passing through the station were made for the purpose of work. Five out of 10 through trips were made for the purpose for socialrecreation. Four out of 10 terminal trips were made for the purpose of work.

The largest terminal trip movements by purpose were the 441 work trips to Zone 14 and 245 work trips to Zone 10 .

D. Terminal Traffic Distribution of 3688 Vehicles

| Zone |  | Trucks |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Vehicles } \end{gathered}$ | Percent <br> of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Autos | Single Unit | Trailer Combination |  |  |
| 1 | 30 | 21 | 0 | 51 | 1.4 |
| 2 | 136 | 16 | 4 | 156 | 4.2 |
| 3 | 41 | 12 | 0 | 53 | 1.4 |
| 4 | 63 | 24 | 1 | 88 | 2.4 |
| 5 | 33 | 5 | 2 | 40 | 1.1 |
| 6 | 39 | 2 | 2 | 43 | 1.2 |
| 7 | 205 | 21. | 10 | 236 | 6.4 |
| 8 | 139 | 31 | 2 | 172 | 4.7 |
| 9 | 170 | 26 | 4 | 200 | 5.4 |
| 10 | 495 | 101 | 15 | 611 | 16.6 |
| 11 | 203 | 20 | 1 | 224 | 6.1 |
| 12 | 82 | 5 | 0 | 84 | 2.3 |
| 13 | 74 | 50 | 8 | 132 | 3.6 |
| 14 | 795 | 74 | 0 | 869 | 23.5 |
| 15 | 299 | 33 | 11 | 343 | 9.3 |
| 16 | 247 | 46 | 2 | 295 | 8.0 |
| 17 | 73 | 15 | 0 | 88 | 2.4 |
| Total | 3124 | 502 | 62 | 3688 | 100.0 |


B. Terminal Traffic Distribution By Trip Purpose

| Zone | Work | Business | Shopping | SocialRecreation | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 24 | 11 | 5 | 11 | 51 |
| 2 | 69 | 36 | 13 | 38 | 156 |
| 3 | 47 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 53 |
| 4 | 64 | 12 | 3 | 9 | 88 |
| 5 | 33 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 40 |
| 6 | 28 | 7 | 2 | 6 | 43 |
| 7 | 65 | 41 | 29 | 101 | 236 |
| 8 | 77 | 35 | 13 | 47 | 172 |
| 9 | 65 | 35 | 15 | 85 | 200 |
| 10 | 245 | 113 | 179 | 74 | 611 |
| 11 | 80 | 60 | 9 | 75 | 224 |
| 12 | 34 | 10 | 4 | 39 | 87 |
| 13 | 74 | 18 | 11 | 29 | 132 |
| 14 | 441. | 229 | 13 | 186 | 869 |
| 15 | 97 | 68 | 115 | 63 | 343 |
| 16 | 89 | 33 | 59 | 114 | 295 |
| 17 | 39 | 37 | 1 | 11 | 88 |
| Total | 1571 | 751 | 472 | 894 | 3688 |
| Percent |  |  |  |  |  |
| of To | 142.6 | 20.4 | 12.8 | 24.2 | 100.0 |

A total of 729 vehicles passed through Station 21 on M-20 West of Big Rapids. Tabulations on the following pages give a detailed analysis of this traffic.

Approximately 5 out of every 7 vehicles had a terminal inside the study area. Eight out of every 10 trucks were single unit trucks. Less than 1 vehicle out of 100 was a trailer combination truck.

The largest through traffic movement at this station is the 109 ( $50.5 \%$ ) vehicles interchanging with Station 18 on US-1.31 North. Of these 109 vehicles, 28 of them were trucks of which 26 are single unit trucks.

The heaviest terminal traffic movements are to or from Zone 14 (Ferris State College), Zones 10 and 15.

Approximately 4 out of 10 trips passing through the station were made for the purpose of work. Five out of 10 through trips were for the purpose of social-recreation. More than 4 out of 10 terminal trips were made for the purpose of work.

The largest terminal trip movements by purpose were the 52 work trips to Zone 14 and 34 work trips to Zone 10 .

1. Total Traffic Through Station_21 By Vehicle Type

A. Through Traffic: 216 Vehicles

Auto
Truck
Single Unit Trailer Combination

| 163 | 50 | 3 | Vehicles |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 75.5 | 23.1 | 1.4 | Percent of Total |

B. Terminal Traffic: 513 Vehicles

Auto
Truck
Single Unit Trailer Combination
41399 1 Vehicles
80.5
19.3
0.2 Percent of Total
C. Through Traffic Interchange of 216 Vehicles

| Station | Autos | Trucks |  |  | Total <br> Vehic1es | Percent <br> of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single Unit | Trailer | Combination |  |  |
| 18 | 81. | 26 |  | 2 | 109 | 50.5 |
| 19 | 39 | 10 |  | 0 | 49 | 22.7 |
| 20 | 28 | 9 |  | 0 | 37 | 17.1 |
| 22 | 8 | 2 |  | 1 | 11 | 5.1 |
| 23 | 7 | 3 |  | 0 | 10 | 4.6 |
| Total | 163 | 50 | -62- | 3 | 216 | 100.0 |


| Zone | Trucks |  |  | Total <br> Vehicles | Percent of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Autos | Single Unit | Trailer Combination |  |  |
| 1 | 4 | 0 |  | 4 | 0.8 |
| 2 | 24 | 14 |  | 38 | 7.4 |
| 3 | 7 | 0 |  | 7 | 1.4 |
| 4 | 9 | 6 |  | 15 | 2.9 |
| 5 | 5 | 2 |  | 7 | 1.4 |
| 6 | 9 | 4 |  | 13 | 2.5 |
| 7 | 22 | 5 |  | 27 | 5.3 |
| 8 | 30 | 4 |  | 34 | 6.6 |
| 9 | 1.8 | 5 |  | 23 | 4.5 |
| 10 | 73 | 15 |  | 88 | 17.2 |
| 11 | 16 | 1 |  | 17 | 3.3 |
| 12 | 9 | 1 |  | 10 | 1.9 |
| 13 | 7 | 11 |  | 18 | 3.5 |
| 14 | 79 | 16 |  | 95 | 18.5 |
| 15 | 55 | 11 | 1 | 67 | 13.1 |
| 16 | 32 | 4 |  | 36 | 7.0 |
| 17 | 14 | 0 | - | 14 | 2.7 |
| Total | 413 | 99 | 1 | 51.3 | 100.0 |

2. Totwle Traffic Through Station_21 By Trip Purpose

> Social-


| $\begin{array}{r}\text { A. } \\ \text { Station } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Throug Work | h Traffic Business | Interchange Shopping | By Trip Pu SocialRecreation | se Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 37 | 12 | 2 | 58 | 109 |
| 19 | 18 | 6 | 2 | 23 | 49 |
| 20 | 10 | 7 | 2 | 18 | 37 |
| 22 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 11 |
| 23 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 10 |
| Total | 73 | 27 | 6 | 110 | 216 |
| Percent |  |  |  |  |  |
| of Total | 33.8 | 12.5 | 2.8 | 50.9 | 100.0 |



## A total of 1,555 vehicles passed through Station

 22 on Colburn Ave. East of Big Rapids. Tabulations on the following pages give a detailed analysis of this traffic.The terminal traffic passing this station accounted for more than 9 out of every 10 vehicles. Approximately 8 out of 10 vehicles were autos, whether they traveled into or through the area.

Approximately 15 out of every 100 vehicles were single unit trucks and 1 out of 100 was a trailer combination truck.

The largest through traffic movement at this station is the 65 (55.6\%) vehicles interchanging with Station 20 on US-131 South: This same movement accounted for only $2.0 \%$ of the through movement at Station 20. Of these 65 vehicles 7 were trucks of which 6 were single unit trucks.

The heaviest terminal traffic movements (447 vehicles or $31.1 \%$ ) were to or from Zone 8 and Zone 10.

More than 4 out of 10 trips passing through the station were made for the purpose of work and more than 2 out of 10 trips were made for the purpose of social-recreation.

More than 4 out of 10 through trips were for the purpose of social-recreation.

The largest terminal trip movements by purpose were the 168 social-recreation trips to or from zone 8 and the 127 work trips to zone 3 .

1. Total Traffic Through Station 22 By Vehicle Type

Through
117
7.5

Auto

1304
83.9

Terminal
1438
92.5
$\frac{\text { Single Unit }}{234} \frac{\text { Truck }}{\text { Trailer Combination }}$

## Total

1555 Vehicles
100.0 Percent of Total
15.0

| Auto | Truck |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single Unit | Trailer Combination |
| 1304 | 234 | 17 Vehicles |
| 83.9 | 15.0 | 1.1 Percent of Total |

A. Through Traffic: 117 Vehicles

| Auto | $\frac{\text { Single Unit }}{22} \quad \frac{\text { Truck }}{\text { Trailer Combination }}$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 93 | 22 Vehicles |
| 79.5 | 18.8 |

B. Terminal Traffic: 1438 Vehicles

Auto
Truck
Single Unit Trailer Combination
1211
84.2

212
14.7
15 Vehicles
1.1 Percent of Total
C. Through Traffic Interchange of 117 Vehicles

| Station |  | Truck |  | Total <br> Vehicles | $\begin{array}{r}\text { Percent } \\ \text { of Total } \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Autos | Single Unit | Trailer Combination |  |  |
| 18 | 27 | 14 | 0 | 41 | 35 |
| 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 20 | 58 | 6 | 1 | 65 | 55.6 |
| 21 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 9.4 |
| 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Total | 93 | 22 | 2 | 117 | 100.0 |


| Zone | Trucks |  |  |  |  | Total <br> Vehicles | Percent of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Autos | Single | e Unit | Trailer | Combination |  |  |
| 1 | 17 |  | 3 |  | 0 | 20 | 1.4 |
| 2 | 59 |  | 20 |  | 0 | 79 | 5.5 |
| 3 | 128 |  | 3 |  | 1 | 132 | 9.2 |
| 4 | 47 |  | 23 |  | 10 | 80 | 5.6 |
| 5 | 20 |  | 8 |  | 0 | 28 | 1.9 |
| 6 | 7. |  | 1 |  | 0 | 8 | 0.6 |
| 7 | 63 |  | 8 |  | 0 | 71 | 4.9 |
| 8 | 202 |  | 36 |  | 0 | 238 | 16.6 |
| 9 | 28 |  | 5 |  | 0 | 33 | 2.3 |
| 10 | 180 |  | 29 |  | 0 | 209 | 14.5 |
| 11 | 62 |  | 3 |  | 0 | 65 | 4.5 |
| 12 | 20 |  | 1 |  | 0 | 21 | 1.5 |
| 13 | 60 |  | 30 |  | 4 | 94 | 6.5 |
| 14 | 124 |  | 29 |  | 0 | 153 | 10.6 |
| 1.5 | 117 |  | 13 |  | 0 | 130 | 9.0 |
| 16 | 44 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 44 | 3.1 |
| 17 | 33 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 33 | 2.3 |
| Total | 1211 |  | 212 |  | 15 | 1438 | 100.0 |
| LURARY michean deparment of state highways LANSING |  |  | $\sum^{i}$ |  |  |  |  |

2. Total Traffic Through Station $\frac{22}{}$ By Trip Purpose

| Work | Business | Shopping | Recreation | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 716 | 209 | 251 | 379 | 1555 | Vehicles |
| 46.1 | 13.4 | 16.1 | 24.4 | 100.0 | Percent of Total |

A. Through Traffic Interchange By Trip Purpose

| Station | Work | Business | Shopping | Social- <br> Recreation | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 22 | 8 | 1 | 10 | 41 |
| 1.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 20 | 17 | 10 | 0 | 38 | 65 |
| 21 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 11 |
| 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 42 | 19 | 1 | 55 | 117 |

Percent bf Total
35.9 16.2
0.9
47.0100 .0


## STATION 23

(MILL POND ROAD)
THROUGH AND TERMINAL TRAFFIC by VEHICLE TYPE BY TRIP PURPOSE

A total of 1,464 vehicles passed through Station 23 on Mill Pond Road Southeast of Big Rapids. Tabulations on the following pages give a detailed analysis of this traffic.

Similar to Station 22 , the terminal traffic passing this station accounts for more than 9 out of 10 vehicles. Approximately 8 out of 10 vehicles were autos.

Less than 2 out of 10 vehicles were single unit trucks. Less than 1 out of 100 vehicles were trailer combination trucks.

The largest through traffic movement at this station is the 58 ( $61.7 \%$ ) vehicles interchanging with Station 18 on US-131 North. Of these 58 vehicles 12 were single unit trucks.

The heaviest terminal traffic movements (505 vehicles or $36.8 \%$ ) were to zones 10,14 , and 8 .

Approximately 5 out of 10 trips were made for the purpose of work and 2 out of 10 trips were made for the purpose of social-recreation. More than 6 out of 10 through trips were for the purpose of work.

The largest terminal trip movements by purpose were 120 work trips to zone 14 and 111 work trips to zone 10 .

1. Total Traffic Through Station $\underbrace{}_{\text {23 By Vehicle Type }}$

| Through | Terminal | Total |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
|  | 1370 | 1464 | Vehicles |
| 6.4 | 93.6 | 100.0 | Percent of Total |

Auto
1240
84.7

Single Uni $\frac{\text { Truck }}{t \quad \text { Trailer Combination }}$
21410 Vehicies
14.6
0.7

Percent of Total
A. Through Traffic: 94 Vehicles

Auto
73
77.6


Vehicles
Percent of Total
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Single Unitruck } \\ 20 & \text { Trailer Combination } \\ 21.3 & 1.1 \\ \text { B. Terminal Traffic: } & 1370 \text { Vehicles }\end{array}$
Auto
1167
85.2

Truck
Single Unit Trailer Combination 194 9
0.6

Vehicles
Percent of Total
C. Through Traffic Interchange of 94 Vehicles

Station
Autos
14.2
0.6

18
19
20
21
22
Total

Trucks
Single Unit Trailer Combination

45

$$
12
$$

1

4

3

0
$\frac{0}{73}$
2
19
7

20

Total Percent Vehicles of Total

58
61.7
3.2
24.5
10.6
$\begin{array}{rl}0 & 0.0 \\ 94 & 100.0\end{array}$
D. Terminal Traffic Distribution of 1370 Vehicles

| Zone | Truck |  |  | Total <br> Vehicles | Percent of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Autos | Single Unit | Trailer Combination |  |  |
| 1 | 18 | 6 | 0 | 23 | 1.7 |
| 2 | 70 | 14 | 0 | 84 | 6.1 |
| 3 | 62 | 14 | 0 | 76 | 5.6 |
| 4 | 44 | 27 | 1 | 72 | 5.3 |
| 5 | 18 | 6 | 0 | 24 | 1.8 |
| 6 | 45 | 6 | 0 | 51 | 3.7 |
| 7 | 81 | 10 | 1 | 92 | 6.7 |
| 8 | 132 | 8 | 1 | 141 | 10.3 |
| 9 | 65 | 3 | 0 | 68 | 5.0 |
| 10 | 177 | 39 | 1. | 217 | 15.8 |
| 11 | 57 | 2 | 0 | 59 | 4.3 |
| 12 | 42 | 2 | 0 | 44 | 3.2 |
| 13 | 58 | 40 | 4 | 102 | 7.4 |
| 14 | 142 | 5 | 0 | 147 | 10.7 |
| 15 | 92 | 8 | 1 | 101 | 7.4 |
| 16 | 34 | 4 | 0 | 38 | 2.8 |
| 17 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 2.2 |
| Total | 1167 | 194 | 9 | 1370 | 100.0 |


B. Terminal Traffic Distribution By Trip Purpose

| Zone | Work | Business | Shopping | Social- <br> Recreation | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1.5 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 23 |
| 2 | 40 | 7 | 4 | 33 | 84 |
| 3 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 76 |
| 4 | 64 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 72 |
| 5 | 21 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 24 |
| 6 | 47 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 51 |
| 7 | 27 | 21 | 17 | 27 | 92 |
| 8 | 33 | 18 | 5 | 85 | 141 |
| 9 | 31 | 17 | 0 | 20 | 68 |
| 10 | 111 | 37 | 41 | 28 | 217 |
| 11 | 26 | 21 | 3 | 9 | 59 |
| 12 | 7 | 8 | 2 | 27 | 44 |
| 13 | 45 | 17 | 23 | 17 | 102 |
| 14 | 120 | 11 | 3 | 13 | 147 |
| 15 | 27. | 18 | 48 | 8 | 101 |
| 16 | 10 | 3 | 9 | 16 | 38 |
| 17 | 1.9 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 30 |
| Total | 719 | 198 | 161 | 292 | 1370 |
| Percent of Total | 52.5 | 14.5 | 11.7 | 21.3 | 100.0 |

## EXTERNAL TERMINALS

The preceding part of this report dealt with the traffic inside the Big Rapids $0-D$ Survey Area. This part of the report will deal with the origin and/or destination trip ends outside of the Study Area. A through trip is counted twice. It is counted at both its entering and departing stations but this will not change the number of external terminals.

The following desire diagrams show all external terminals by county for the State of Michigan and by States for terminals. outside of the State of Michigan:

| Desire | Diagram | No. | 14 | Station | 18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Desire | Diagram | No. | 15 | Station | 19 |
| Desire | Diagram | No. | 1.6 | Station | 20 |
| Desire | Diagram | No. | 17 | Station | 21 |
| Desire | Diagram | No. | 18 | Station | 22 |
| Desire | Diagram | No. | 19 | Station | 23 |








The following desireline diagrams show only the external terminals in Mecosta and the surrounding six counties.

| * | Desireline | Diagram | No. | 20 | Station | 18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * | Desireline | Diagram | No. | 21 | Station | 19 |
| * | Desireline | Diagram | No. | 22 | Station | 20 |
| * | Desireline | Diagram | No. | 23 | Station | 21 |
| * | Desireline | Diagram | No. | 24 | Station | 22 |
| * | Desireline | Diagram | No. | 25 | Station | 23 |

*Note: These Desireline Diagrams show a breakdown of the trip terminals at the points of interest in these seven counties.

Of the 7,700 vehicles which passed through Station 18 , 4,922 ( $63.9 \%$ ) trips had origins and/or destinations within the seven county axea.

Of the 1,472 vehicles which passed through Station 19, 1,302 ( $88.5 \%$ ) trips had origins and/or destinations within the seven county area.

Of the 6,985 vehicles which passed through station 20, $3,563(51.0 \%)$ trips had origins and/or destinations within the seven county area.

Of the 729 vehicles which passed through Station 21,635 ( $87.1 \%$ ) trips had origins and/or destinations within the seven county area.

Of the 1,555 vehicles which passed through Station 22 , 1,504 ( $96.7 \%$ ) trips had origins and/or destinations within the seven county area.

Of the 1,464 vehicles which passed through Station 23, 1,417 ( $96.8 \%$ ) trips had origins and/or destinations within the seven county area.




## BIG RAPIDS <br> ORIGIN - DESTINATION SURVEY AVERAGE JULY WEEKDAY 1968



## BIG RAPIDS ORIGIN - DESTINATION SURVEY AVERAGE JULY WEEKDAY 1968





a app. 1



app. 4

## TABLE S-1

This trip table tabulates all trips by passenger car, truck and taxi drivers for a 24 -hour period. The origin zone is listed down the left hand margin. The destination zone is listed horizontally.

In this table trip volumes are given directionally., Therefore, to find the total movements between two zones, it will be necessary to use each zone once as an origin and once as a destination and then total the two volumes.
-
table sed
TOTAL TRIPS BY PASSENGER CAH, TRUCK AND TAXI ORIVERS FOR A $24 ब H O U R ~ W E E K D A Y ~ I N ~ I 9 G 8 ~$
DESTINATIUNS

|  | ORIGIN | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | $\checkmark$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
|  | 2 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
|  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | : . |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8 9 |  | . |  |  |  |  | - |  | - | . | 1 |
|  | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 円 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| - | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| - | 13 |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\sigma$ | 15 |  |  |  | : |  |  | . | - |  |  | 1 |
| - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | 1 |
|  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | SUE=TOT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | 19 | 7 | 28 | 15 | 18 | 8 | 7 | 33 | 56 | 37 | +98 |  |
|  | 20 | 26 | 74 | 42 | 55 | 26 | 28 | 120 | 83 | 95 | 310 | ! |
|  | 21 | 1 | 16 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 9 | 14 | 16 | 7 | 38 |  |
|  | 22 | 8 | 34 | 73 | 32 | 17 | 2 | 18 | 159 | 11 | 103 |  |
|  | 23 | 12 | 42 | 51 | 34 | 15 | 30 | 49 | 90 | 28 | 132 |  |
|  | subatut | 99 | 325 | 261 | 198 | 94 | 128 | 388 | 542 | 295 | 1116 |  |
|  | FIN=TOT | 99 | 225 | 261 | 198 | 98 | 128 | 388 | 542 | 295 | 1116 |  |

METRDPULITAN AREA TRAFFIC STUDY
TABLE Sol
TOTAL TRIPS BY PASSENGER CAR, TRUCK AND TAXI DRIVERS FOR $24=H O U R$ WEEKDAY IN I 968 OESTINATIONS



# METROPULITAN AREA TRAFFIC STUOY <br> TABLE $S=1$ 

TOTAL TRIPS BY PASSENGER GARE TRUCK AND TAXI DRIVERS FOR A $2 G O H D U R$ WEEKDAY IN 1968


This trip table tabulates all trips by combination truck drivers for a 24 -hour period. The origin zone is listed down the left hand margin. The destination zone is listed horizontally.

In this table trip volumes are given directionally. Therefore, to find the total movements between two zones, it will be necessary to use each zone once as an origin, and once as a destination and then total the two volumes.
$\square$
$\qquad$

METROFOLITAN AREA PRAFFPC STUDY
TASLE 5 C 2



## metropolitan area praffic study

TABLE $5 \infty 2$
TITAL TRIPS BY COMBINATION TRUCK ORIVERS. FOR A 24 HOUUR WEEKOAY IN 1968 destinations

|  | ORIGIN | 21 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 3 |
|  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 1 |
|  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
|  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |
|  | 8 |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 8 | 10 |
| $@$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \% | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  | 6 |
|  | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | SUBETOT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 | 14 | 33 |
|  | 18 | 1 |  | 3 |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 130 |
|  | 19 |  |  | 5 |  | 1 |  |  | 4 |  | 1 |
|  | 20 | 1 |  | 6 |  | 5 |  |  | 173 | 2 |  |
|  | 21 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |
|  | 22 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | 23 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 1 | . |  |
|  | SUB=TOT | 2 |  | 19 |  | 9 | 1 |  | 179 | 4 | 132 |
|  | Fin=tot | 2 |  | 19 |  | 9 | 1 |  | $20 ?$ | 18 | 165 |

TOTAL TRIPS BY COMEINAYION TRUCK DRIVERS FOR A 24OHOUR WEEKDAY IN 1968
DESTINATIONS

|  | ORIGIN | 21 | 22 | 23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | 3 |  |  |  |
|  | 4 |  | 6 |  |
|  | 5 |  |  |  |
|  | 6 |  |  |  |
|  | 7 |  |  | 1 |
|  | 8 |  | - | 1 |
|  | 9 |  |  |  |
|  | 10 |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{\oplus}{\square}$ | 11 |  |  |  |
| 0 | 12 |  |  |  |
| - | 13 |  | 2 | 1 |
| $\mapsto$ | 14 |  |  |  |
| $\omega$ | 15 |  |  | 1 |
|  | 16 |  |  |  |
|  | 17 |  |  |  |
|  | $\because$ |  | - |  |
|  | SUB-TOT |  | 8 | 4 |
|  | 18 | 1 |  |  |
|  | 1.9 |  |  | . |
|  | 20 |  |  |  |
|  | 21 |  |  |  |
|  | 22 | 1 |  |  |
|  | 23 |  |  |  |
|  | SUB-TOT | 2 |  |  |
|  | FIN-TOT | 2 | 8 | 4 |

metropolitan area praffic study
table sor
total trips by combination truck drivers for a 2aohnur weekday in 1963
SUR-TOT
SUB-TOT
FINOTOP


TABLE S-3


#### Abstract

This trip table tabulates all trips by single unit truck-drivers for a 24 -hour period. The origin zone is listed down the left hand margin. The destination zone is listed horizontally.

In this table trip volumes are given directionally. Therefore, to find the total movements between two zones, it will be necessary to use each zone once as an origin and once as a destination and then total the two volumes.



metropolitan area praffic spudy
TABLE 5 - 3
TOTAL TRIPS GY SINGLE $\quad$ UNIT TRUCK ORIVERS FOR A 24OHOUR WEEKOAY IN 1968

## destinations


1
2
3
4
5
$9 t \cdot d d e$
11
12
13
14
15

16
17

SUB-TOT

| 18 | 17 | 26 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 18 | 24 | 19 | 48 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 4 |  | 5 | 7 | 10 | 5 | 13 |
| 20 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 18 | 3 | 1 | 11 | 18 | 14 | 48 |
| 21 |  | 6 |  | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 |  | 5 |
| 22 | 3 | 11 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 20 | 1 | 18 |
| 23 |  | 5 | 9 | 11 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 1 | 29 |
| SUB=T0T | 35 | 63 | 35 | 54 | 2.4 | 20 | 4.5 | 82 | 40 | 161 |
| FIN-TOT | 35 | 63 | 35 | 54 | 24 | 20 | 45 | 82 | 40 | 161 |

## METROPOLITAN AREA TRAFFIC STUDY

TABLESE3
TOTAL TRIPS BY SINGLEDUNIT TRUCK DRIVERS FOR A $24 \Phi H O U R$ WEEKDAY IN 1968


TOTAL TRIPS BY SINGLEmUNIT TRUCK DRIVERS FOR 2A*HOUR WEEKDAY IN 1960
oEstinations


TOTAL TRIPS BY SINGLEUUNIT TRUCK ORIVERS FOR A $24 \oplus H O U R$ WEEKDAY IN 1968


This trip table tabulates all trips by passenger car and taxi-drivers for a 24 -hour period. The origin zone is listed down the left hand margin. . The destination zone is listed horizontally.

In this table trip volumes are given directionally. Therefore, to find the total movements between two zones, it will be necessary to use each zone once as an origin and once as a destination and then total the two volumes.

[^0]TABLE S-4
TOTAL TRIPS BY PASSENGER CAR AND TAXI DRIVERS FOR A $24-H O U R$ WEEKDAY IN 1968

| RIGIN | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

1
2

4
6

SUB-TOT
SUB-TOT

TOT DESTINATIONS

FIN-TOT

| 28 | 104 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 23 |
| 15 | 63 |
| 1 | 10 |
| 5 | 23 |
| 12 | 37 |
| 64 | 260 |
| 64 | 260 |


| 61 | 41 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 13 | 7 |
| 33 | 37 |
| 6 | 5 |
| 69 | 20 |
| 42 | 22 |
| 224 | 132 |
|  |  |
| 224 | 132 |

17
5
22
1
13

11
69
69

| 45 | 133 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 26 |
| 25 | 103 |
| 6 | 12 |
| 1 | 16 |
|  |  |
| 27 | 44 |
| 106 | 334 |
|  |  |
| 106 | 334 |

114
46
64
13
139637485
224

132
69
106
334
459

TABIE $S-4$
TOTAL TRIPS BY PASSENGER CAR AND TAXI DRIVERS FOR A 24-HOUR WEEKDAY TN $196 \%$ DESTINATIONS
11
1.2
13

14
15
16
17

| 18 | 19 | 20 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| 34 | 7 | 15 |
| 130 | 40 | 73 |
| 12 | 3 | 8 |
| 26 | 10 | 26 |
| 22 | 5 | 11 |
|  |  |  |
| 38 | 5 | 14 |
| 164 | 35 | 102 |
| 108 | 36 | 75 |
| 132 | 30 | 90 |
| 363 | 108 | 238 |
|  |  |  |
| 111 | 30 | 108 |
| 64 | 19 | 46 |
| 33 | 29 | 36 |
| 268 | 93 | 404 |
| 160 | 37 | 152 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 108 | 27 | 137 |
| 22 | 14 | 32 |

SUB-TOT

18
19
20
21
22
23

$14-1$
5

1
2
3
4
5


## TOTAL TRIPS BY PASSENGER CAR AND TAXI DRIVERS FOR A $24-H O U R$ WEEKDAY IN 1968

 SUB-TOTSUB-TOT

```
FIN-TOT
```

1
2

```
SINGLE ZONE TRIP.TABLE
BY DESTINATION PURPOSE
```

This trip table is tabulated by 0-D zone of origin, listed in the upper left hand corner, and by $0-D$ zones of destination, listed down the left hand margin. The external stations are numbered 18-23 and the internal zones are numbered 1-17.

On addition to total vehicle trips, this table includes a listing of all driver trips by destination purposes.

In this table trip volumes are given directionally. Therefore, to find the total movements between two zones, it will be necessary to use each zone once as an origin and conce as a destination and then total the two volumes.



## Big Rapids



## Big Rapids

| Dest. Zone | Work | Business | Shopping | Social Rec. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Trips } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 56 | 47 | 73 | 25 | 201 |
| 19 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 14 | 37 |
| 20 | 26 | 27 | 18 | 45 | 116 |
| 21 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 13 |
| 22 | 5 | 14 | 18 | 16 | 53 |
| 23 | 6 | 10 | 12 | 1.5 | 43 |
| Total | 102 | 113 | 129 | 119 | 463 |
| Origin Zone 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 34 | 46 | 10 | 38 | 128 |
| 19 | 6 | 12 | 7 | 19 | 44 |
| 20 | 37 | 24 | 7 | 21 | 89 |
| 21 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 18 |
| 22. | 28 | 8 | 4 | 39 | 79 |
| 23 | 11 | 13 | 1 | 26 | 51 |
| Total | 125 | 108 | 30 | 146 | 409 |

## Big Rapids



| Origin Zone 11 |  | Big Rapids |  | By Destination Purpose |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single Zone Trip Table By Dest |  |  |
| Dest. | Work | Business | Shopping |  |  | Social | Total |
| Zone |  |  |  | Rec. | Trips |
| 18. | 34 | 25 | 18 | 42 | 119 |
| 19 | 3 | 15 | 3 | 9 | 30 |
| 20 | 29 | 42 | 8 | 39 | 118 |
| . 21 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 8 |
| 22 | 5 | 25 | 2 | 2 | 34 |
| 23 | 8 | 13 | 3 | 1 | 25 |
| Total | 80 | 122 | 35 | 97 | 334 |
| Origin Zone 12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 17 | 6 | 12 | 34 | 69 |
| 19 | 1 | 2 |  | 16 | 19 |
| 20 | 19 | 5 | 1 | 25 | 50 |
| 21 | 1 | 2 |  | 3 | 6 |
| 22 | 3 | 5 | 1 |  | 9 |
| 23 | 3 | 6 |  | 10 | 19 |
| Total | 44 | 26 | 14 | 88 | 172 |

## Big Rapids

| Origin Zone 13 |  | Sing | e Trip T | By Destination Pu |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dest. | Work | Business | Shopping | Soctal | Total |
| Zone |  |  |  | Rec. | Trips |
| 18 | 42 | 20 | 6 | 6 | 74 |
| 19 | 11 | 8 | 12 | 4 | 35 |
| 20 | 41 | 15 | 1 | 8 | 65 |
| 21 | 8 |  | 1 | 1. | 10 |
| -22 | 29 | 8 | 8 | 17 | 62 |
| 23 | 15 | 13 | 16 | 10 | 54 |
| Total | 146 | 64 | 44 | 46 | 300 |
| Origin Zone 14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 140 | 99 | 8 | 52 | 299 |
| 19 | 34 | 41 | 2 | 18 | 95 |
| 20 | 139 | 171 | 12 | 112 | 434 |
| 21 | 22 | 14 | 2 | 16 | 54 |
| 22 | 45 | 20 | 1 | 13 | 79 |
| 23 | 45 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 62 |
| Total | 425 | 354 | 28 | 216 | 1023 |

## Big Rapids



| Dest. | Work | Business | Shopping | Social | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 'zone |  |  |  | Rec. | Trips |
| 18 | 13 | 12 |  | 1 | 26 |
| . 19 | 3 | 8 |  | 3 | 1.4 |
| 20 | 17 | 15 | 1 | 4 | 37 |
| 21 | 2 | 4 |  |  | 6 |
| 22 | 2 | 10 |  | 5 | 17 |
| 23 | 10 | 6 |  | 1 | 17 |
| Total | 47 | 55 | 1 | 14 | 117 |

## BIg Rapids





| Big Rapids |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Origin | Zone 21 | Single Zone Trip Table By Destination Purpose |  |  |  |
| Dest. | Work | Business | Shopping | Social | Total |
| Zone |  |  |  | Rec. | Trips |
| 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| -2 | 7 |  |  | 9 | 16 |
| 3 | 6 |  |  |  | 6 |
| 4 | 6 |  | 1 |  | 7 |
| 5 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |
| 6 | 9 |  |  |  | 9 |
| 7 | 6 |  | 4 | 4 | 14 |
| 8 | 11 | 3 |  | 2 | 16 |
| 9 | 4 | 3 |  |  | 7 |
| 10 | 19 | 15 | 4 |  | 38 |
| 11 | 1 | 4 |  | 4 | 9 |
| 12 | 2 |  |  | 2 | 4 |
| 13 | 6 |  | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| 14 | 30 |  |  | 11 | 41. |
| 15 | 1.0 | 2 | 9 | 7 | 28 |
| 16 | 6 |  | 9 | 3 | 18 |
| 17 | 2 | 4 |  | 2 | 8 |
| 18 | 25 | 6 | 1 | 34 | 66 |
| 19 | 11 | 2 | 2 | 13 | 28 |
| 20 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 8 | 17. |
| 22 | 2 | 1 |  | 3 | 6 |
| 23 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 2 |
| Total 1 | 172 | 43 | 32 | 104 | 351 |





[^0]:    

