# HOLLAND--IEELALID AREA TRANSPORTATION STUDY 



ORIGIN-DESTINATION STUDY
SOCIOECONOMIC DATA CROSS TABULATIONS IU UI

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## DEPARTMENT OF STATE HIGHWAYS

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October 7, 1970

Mr. Sam F. Cryderman
Engineer of Transportation Planning Transportation Planning Division
Michigan Department of State Highways Lansing, Michigan 48904

Dear Mr. Cryderman:
We are presenting the Socioeconomic Data Cross-Tabulations for the 1967 HollandZeeland Area Transportation Study.

This report was prepared by Transportation Survey and Analysis Section. Transportation Analyst is Ruby Dell Brenner, her Supervisor is Mr. Leo Furman.

Respectfully presented,


Keith E. Bushnell, Engineer Transportation Survey \& Analysis

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GRAPHS AND CROSS-TABULATIONS
                        of
                SURVEY DATA
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MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF STATE HIGHWAYS SEPTEMBER, 1970

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## INTRODUCTION

By the use of graphs an attempt has been made to present interesting comparisons in different categories. Not all of these apply to trips but are felt to be of interest.

These graphs are based on sample data only. A $25 \%$ sample for trucks and a $12-1 / 2 \%$ sample for internal trips was taken. Most of the graphs show percentage rates as they represent an area picture.

The cross-tabulations select records from one field and this information is summarized with information from a second field.

The following is an example:

No. in Vehicle Vs. Trip Purpose

| TRIP | VEHICLE OCCUPANCY |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PURPOSE | 1. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | TOTAL |
| Work | 10305.00 | 2175.00 | 563.00 | 295.00 | 113.00 | 13451.00 |
| Personal Bus. | 1237.00 | 783.00 | 337.00 | 169.00 | 83.00 | 2609.00 |
| Shopping | 687.00 | 809.00 | 389.00 | 275.00 | 164.00 | 2324.00 |
| Vacation | 340.00 | 1140.00 | 527.00 | 635.00 | 361.00 | 3003.00 |
| Social-Rec. | 2608.00 | 3526.00 | 1449.00 | 1226.00 | 597.00 | 9406.00 |
| Other | 11.00 | 8.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 25.00 |
| Total | 15188.00 | 8441.00 | 3267.00 | 2602.00 | 1320.00 | 30818.00 |

This table shows that the highest volume by trip purpose is work and the next highest is social-recreation. The tabulation represents the trip purpose of drivers only. It also indicates that in the sample for work purpose there were 10,305 cars with 1 person, 2,175 cars with 2 people, 563 cars with 3 people, 295 cars with 4 people, and 113 cars with 5 people. There was a total of 13,451 cars with drivers going to work and a total of 30,818 total driver trips for al1 purposes.

Cross-tabulations can only be made between two fields on the same type of $0-\mathrm{D}$ record. There are four record types, namely: OD-1 Interview Address Summary = I.A.S., OD-2 Internal Trip, $O D-3$ External Trips and $O D-4$ Truck-Taxi Records.

Each cross tab is made up of either two or four tables. They consist of 1) absolute sample numbers, 2) percent of grand total, 3) percent of line total and, 4) percent of column total.

A brief explanation precedes each tabulation. There is not necessarily a cause and effect relationship between the two fields selected for tabulation although in some instances there may be a relationship.

| STRUCTURE | HOMES INTERVIEWED | PERCENT |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Single | 1799 | 95.7 |
| Group | 25 | 1.3 |
| Hotels | 6 | .3 |
| Trailers | 28 | 1.5 |
| Rooms | 3 | .2 |
| Multiple | 19 | 1.0 |
| Other | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1880 | 100.0 |

The above table shows that there are very few structures other than single unit homes in the area.

## VALUE OF OWNER'S HOME

The value of owner's homes is grouped in increments of $\$ 4,000.00$. It was found that the highest percentage in any one group, is in the $\$ 10,000.00$ to $\$ 14,000.00$ category with the next highest in the $\$ 15,000.00$ to $\$ 19,000.00$ category. This graph shows that the area is an average income community.


## CARS PER SAMPLE

Of the 1880 samples a big majority of the people had 1 or 2 cars. There were no families with more than 4 cars and $8.3 \%$ had no cars.


## EDUCATION OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD

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This tabulation shows that 48.4 percent of the samples interviewed had more than an eleventh grade education and 25.3 percent has more than a high school education. of the household heads \(33 \%\) had only five to eight years of education.
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VS. EDUCATION OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD

FLENENT = O MF GPAHD TGTAL

| $T A=024$ | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4. | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-4 | 0.32 | 0.21 | $0.2^{7}$ | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 16.00 |
| 5-8 | 3.95 | 14.43 | 6.12 | 2.63 | 0.75 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 615.00 |
| 9-11 | 1.61 | 10.14 | 4.97 | 0.75 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 330.00 |
| 12 | 1.61 | 12.89 | 3.75 | 1.50 | 0.27 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | . 0.00 | 430.00 |
| 13-15 | 1.45 | 7.19 | 2.0n | 0.64 | 0.21 | 0.05 | $0 \cdot 00$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 232.00 |
| 16 | 0.75 | $4: 29$ | 2.13 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 120.00 |
| $>16$ | 1.07 | 3.97 | 0.99 | 0.43 | 0.11 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 121.00 |
| THTAL | 204.00 | 900.00 | 429.00 | 114.00 | 30.00 | 4.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1864.00 |

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FP VS. EDUCATION OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD

ELEHENT = OF ROW TOTAL

| $T A=074$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-4 | 37.50 | 25.00 | 31.25 | 0.00 | 6.25 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 16.00 |
| 5-8 | 27.15 | 43.74 | 18.54 | 7.97 | 2.29 | 0.16 | 0.00 | 0.16 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 615.00 |
| 9-11 | 9.09 | 57.27 | 27.88 | 4.24 | 0.91 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 330.00 |
| 12 | 5.98 | 55.81 | 20.30 | 6.51 | 1.16 | 0.00 | 0.23 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 430.00 |
| 13-15 | 11.64 | 57.76 | 23.79 | 5.17 | 1.72 | 0.43 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 232.00 |
| 16 | 11.67 | 66.67 | 17.50 | 2.50 | 0.83 | 0.83 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 120.00 |
| $>16$ | 16.53 | 61.16 | 14.05 | 6.61 | 1.65 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 121.00 |
| TITAL | 294.00 | 990.00 | 429.00 | 114.00 | 30.00 | 4.00 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1854.00 |

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S. EDUCATION OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD

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| TA | $=024$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | う | 6 | 7 | 3 | 9 | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0-4 | $? .04$ | 0.40 | 1.17 | 0.00 | 3.33 | 9.00 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 .0 | 16.00 |
|  | 5-8 | 56.80 | 27.17 | 26.57 | 42.98 | 46.67 | 25.00 | 0.00 | 100.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 615.00 |
|  | 9-11 | 10.20 | 19.09 | 21.45 | 12.28 | 10.00 | 25.00 | 50.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 330.00 |
|  | 12 | 10.20 | 24.24 | 29.37 | 24.56 | 16.67 | 0.00 | 50.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 430.00 |
|  | 13-15 | 9.18 | 13.54 | 17.59 | 10.53 | 13.33 | 25.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 232.00 |
|  | 16 | 4.76 | 3.05 | 4.90 | 2.63 | 3.33 | 25.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 170.00 |
|  | $>16$ | 6.80 | 7.47 | 3.94 | 7.02 | 6.67 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 121.00 |
|  | TOTAL | 294.00 | 990.00 | 029.00 | 1:4.00 | 30.00 | 4.00 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1854.00 |

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## COST OF MONTHLY RENT

The monthly rent ranged from under $\$ 49.00$ per month to over $\$ 300.00$, with nearly one half of the samples interviewed that pay rent, paying in the $\$ 50.00$ to $\$ 74.00$ range.


## NUMBER OF PERSONS AT ADDRESS

The number of people living at the sample addresses ranged from one to over eight. The highest single group averaged two people at the address with the next highest group averaging four.


## ANNUAL MILEAGE PER CAR

The annual mileage per car was up to over 20,000 miles. The highest percentage was from $0-5,000$ miles. The next highest percentage was from $7,500-10,000$ miles. The lowest percentage was from $15,000-20,000$ miles.

vs.
CARS
vs.
RESIDENCES BY. TRACT

This graph shows the tracts having the higher sample population. Tracts $4,5,8,9,10$ and 50 are much more highly populated. These tracts all lie on the west side of the study area north and south of Holland or in Holland. Tracts 27,32 and 60 have the lowest population. Tracts 27 and 32 are in Holland, partially commercial and tract 60 is south of Holland where the airport is located. In tracts 17, 19, 20,22 and 23 there are less cars than residences. These tracts all lie within the cities of Holland or Zeeland in CBD area.

This graph shows that the part of the study area in Allegan County has more cars per household than those in Ottawa County. Tracts from 34-60 are in Allegan County.



The labor force applies to resident labor force within each tract. It is highest in tracts $4,5,8,9,10$ and 50. These are also the tracts where the population is the highest. This is based on completed sample interviews.

A graph is also included showing the percent employed in each tract.



## INDUSTRY

The Industry code is based on the principal business activity of the employer. The highest single industry is manufacturing. The next highest is wholesale and retail trade, which includes eating and drinking places, dairies, banks, gas stations, etc. These two categories comprise more than $60 \%$ of the whole. Although much of this area is a farming community it is interesting to note that only $4.1 \%$ of the whole labor force is in the agricultural industry.


At first glance this graph would lead one to believe that many of the group included in the young adults leave the area between the ages of 20 and 35 . However, the age groups above 35 years include an age span of 10 years and those below 35 years an age span of 5 years. The graph shows that over $42 \%$ of the sampled population are under 20 years of age, and over $18 \%$ are 55 years or older. This leaves about $40 \%$ in the age group 20 years to 55 years.


## HOUSEHOLD INCOME

This graph shows that the majority of the people sampled are in the average income category. While $24.4 \%$ have an average income below $\$ 5,000.00$ and $24.5 \%$ have an average income of $\$ 10,000.00$ or more, it leaves $51.1 \%$ falling in the range of $\$ 5,000.00$ to $\$ 10,000.00$ income.


This tabulation and graph shows that there are very few non-white residents in the study area. The non-whites were less than $1 \%$ of the samples interviewed. It shows that there are more male than female drivers and more female than male non-drivers. It also shows there are more females than males in the area. This tabulation shows 12 sample addresses that have someone under 15 years of age with a driver's license. These may be errors.



