65-8976

STUDY REPORT

MARTIS-BROWN RECOMMENDATION ON THE USE OF STEEL MARKER POSTS

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Maintenance Methods Unit Administrative Services Section March 23, 1971

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FOREWORD

Mr. H. Martis of Jackson and Mr. Wm. Brown of Paw Paw recommended that the wooden posts used to mark snow plowing and mowing hazards on the right-of-ways be replaced with galvanized steel posts.

A study was conducted to identify the costs and results of implementing the Martis-Brown recommendation.

The principal recommendations based on the study are shown first in the following study report, followed by the findings, detailed recommendations and implementation guidelines.

Principal Recommendations

Two principal recommendations are made below, based on a study of marker posts:

- 1. Reduce the number of marker posts used.
- 2. Replace needed wooden marker posts with steel posts within a five-year period.

The bases for these recommendations are as follows:

- 1. A number of marker posts now in place serve no purpose.
- 2. The costs of installations will be reduced if steel is used.
- 3. The costs of post maintenance will be reduced if steel is used.
- 4. The steel posts will serve as markers equally as well as do the wooden posts.

The data on which the above recommendations are based are discussed in the following section.

Findings

Number of Posts

An estimated 141,800 wooden marker posts are in place on the trunkline system.

An estimated 30 to 35 percent of the in-place posts can readily be removed and not replaced.

Wood or Steel

An analysis has been made of the costs of installing and maintaining wooden and galvanized steel posts. The principal factors are shown in Figure 1.

As can be seen in Figure I, steel posts offer many advantages over wooden posts with regard to installation and maintenance -- and with regard to original costs.

FIGURE 1

ANALYSIS OF INSTALLATION CHARACTERISTICS WOOD AND STEEL MARKER POSTS

WOODEN POST

Holes must be dug by hand. Each hole must be large enough to permit removal of the old post stub.

Must be tamped into place.

Bevel must be sawed. Post must be painted. Site must be cleaned.

Must be placed in off-winter months.

Posts supplied by requisition. Delivered to central location, pick up by local force and distributed to garages. No salvages.

Peeling, painting and dressing up of post is done in shed during adverse weather.

Bulky and difficult storage. Much handling to maintain orderly piles.

Requires digging to straightensummer job only.

STEEL

May be driver with hammer or maul. Old stubs may be driven below the surface and left.

Driven straight. Requires no tamping.

Post can be driver to proper height. No painting. No site to clean up.

Can be placed anytime.

Material available at sign shop or warehouse. Pick up or common carrier. Limited supply salvage of sign and delineator post, after reusing post may then be sold for scrap.

Pick up salvaged sign posts and cut to size.

Stack easily and are easy to count.

May be straightened any season - pipe wrench and bar.

WOODEN POST

New posts must be treated as stores.

6" or larger has more visability.

Cost \$1.61 per 6' X 6" cedar post.

Installation time -- 55 to 70 man minutes, summer; 2 to 4 hours, winter. 2

Annual maintenance cost --- \$175,000

STEEL

Salvage posts are not stores items. New posts are.

3 3/4" width (use reflectorized paint if visability is required.)

Cost \$1.31 per 7' galvanized steel delineator posts. (No cost for salvage posts.)

Installation time -- 9 to 10 man minutes, summer and winter.

Annual maintenance cost ---None.

- I In the event that salvage sign posts are not available, new galvanized steel delineator posts can be used.
- 2 The installation times were determined by checking records and by installing sixteen posts for comparative purposes.

Detailed Recommendations

I. Survey the needs for marker posts using the criteria set forth below.

Marker posts should be installed if:

- A hazard to snow plowing operations needs to be marked.
- 2. A hazard to mowing operations needs to be marked.
- 3. The location of a drainage unit can be lost.
- 4. The inlet location of a drainage structure frequently is covered during flooding.
- 5. The catch basin or manhole can be missed by cleaning crews.

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II. Replace all broken marker posts -- except those that do not meet the above criteria -- with galvanized steel posts.

The galvanized posts should be so installed that the cut end is placed in the ground. The end to be exposed to the weather should be galvanized -- to prevent unsightly rust marks.

Each post should stand 33 inches above the ground, and should be driven at least 27 inches into the ground.

X X X X X X

111. Do not paint the galvanized posts.

No purpose will be served by painting.

X X X X X X

IV. When approximately half the needed wooden marker posts have been replaced, replace the remainder on a scheduled program.

For consistency purposes, it will be best to use only steel posts. The wooden marker posts will serve for a few years, and a mix of steel and wood will be acceptable until a 50-50 mix is achieved.

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Implementation Guidelines

Salvaged galvanized sign posts are available at all garages surveyed in sufficient quantities to replace wooden marker posts as necessary.

The district sign shops are good sources of supply for salvagable galvanized steel marker posts.

The scrap piles at Kalamazoo and Ann Arbor Sign Shop will each yield 1,000 to 1,500 posts. These posts should be cut to marker post lengths and stored at district locations.

When salvage marker posts are not available, new posts can be used.





Note duplicate marker posts. In both of these cases, the marker posts can be eliminated rather than replaced.



Why place marker posts at these locations?

XXXXXX



How can we miss this catch basin? The post creates a mowing hazard.



Note how well the steel post serves to mark the shoulder.

An obvious need.

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Typical stockpile of steel marker posts.

Available Posts



Most bent old sign posts will provide needed straight sections without straightening.

IMPLEMENTATION INSTRUCTIONS USE OF STEEL MARKER POST

INTRODUCTION

Mr. H. Martis of Jackson and Mr. W. Brown of Paw Paw recommended that the wooden posts used to mark snow plowing and mowing hazards on the right-of-ways be replaced with galvanized steel posts.

A study was conducted to identify the costs and results of implementing the Martis-Brown recommendation.

Based on the study the following conclusions were reached:

- 1. Reduce the number of marker posts used
- 2. Replace needed wooden marker posts with steel posts prior to the need for scraping and repainting.

The bases for these conclusions are as follows:

- 1. A number of marker posts now in place serve no purpose.
- The costs of installations will be reduced if steel is used.
- The costs of post maintenance will be reduced if steel is used.
- 4. The steel posts will serve as markers equally as well as do the wooden posts.

The information to implement this plan follows.

GUIDE FOR IMPLEMENTATION

To implement the change the following steps are required:

 Initiate at the Foreman level a survey of all existing marker posts, physically identifying all posts that can be eliminated.

To qualify as a location where a marker post is required the criteria as shown in Figure 1 must be met.

- 2. Broken marker posts that qualify under the recommended criteria are to be replaced with a salvaged section of galvanized steel sign or delineator post.
- 3. When approximately half of the wooden marker posts have been replaced, the remainder should be replaced on a scheduled program. The conversion program shall be coordinated by the District Maintenance Engineer based on the amount of salvaged posts that are available.

STEEL POST INSTALLATION

A quantity of damaged posts are available at each garage site. The salvaged post should be cut to proper length and stored for future use. The District Sign Shop is an additional source of post supply. This source of supply should be utilized and the salvaged posts distributed on a district-wide basis as needed.

The salvaged post should be a minimum of 60" in length and shall retain the original galvanized end of post. The cut end should be driven into the ground with original galvanized end exposed. This is to prevent rust staining the post.

The standard post height of 33" above ground should be retained. This would allow a minimum of 27" in the ground and give ample support for the post.

DO NOT PAINT GALVANIZED POST.

CRITERIA FOR MARKER POSTS

To establish the need for a marker post, each location must qualify in accordance with the following criteria:

 The post must serve a definite purpose for the Highway Department. (To provide a convenience for abutting property owner does not qualify).





2. Identifies drainage structures which have a history of problems.





- If a marker is required due to a drainage problem at a culvert, mark <u>inlet</u> end only.
- 4. Mark hidden obstacles that have been historically hazardous to mower operator or damaging to equipment.



5. Mark a structure that is a hazard to snow plowing operations.





6. Mark a structure that may be missed due to its obscure locations or small size. Such as edge drains, remote catch basins, man holes, etc.





Examples of locations where marker posts shall be eliminated.

 Structures or obstacles which are large enough to be visible or because of the surrounding area no hazard is obvious.





2. Location serves no highway needs.





3. Repetitious marker post.

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				DATE		NUMBER				
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	LER.	11		PREPARED/ISSUED BY		RELATED FUNCTIONS				
MICHIG	AN DE	EPAR	TMENT OF STATE HIGHWAY	Maint	enance Division					
SUBJE	CT:									
Galva	aniz	ed	Steel Marker Post	DATED:						
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T C	To r qual	edu ifi	ce the total numb ed wooden markers	er of m to gal	marker posts now Vanized steel po	installed and convert all sts.				
11.	Information:									
· A	۹.	General Plan								
		1.	Determine the lo	termine the location where markers are necessary.						
		2.	Replace broken p	eel posts.						
	When practical convert a complete route section to galvanized steel posts.									
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		To establish the need for a marker post each location must qualify in accordance with the following criteria:								
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		4.	Mark a structure	that i	s a hazard to sn	ow plowing operations.				
		5.	Mark a structure or small size.	that m	nay be missed due	to its obscure location				

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DIRECTIVE TYPE	PREPARED/ISSUE	ED BY	/	DATE	NUMBER
01	Maintenan	ce	Division	May 18,71	5130.06
Procedure:	· ·			· · ·	
Responsibility		<u>Act</u>	ion		
Maintenance Operations Sectio	on	1.	Prepares implem tributes to Dis	entation ins strict Mainte	structions and dis- enance Engineer.
District Maintena Engineer	ance	2.	Distributes imp both contract a	lementation and direct -	instructions, to counties/areas.
		3.	Determines sour and coordinates	ces of salva conversion	age post available program.
Area/County Superintendent		4.	Instructs Forem plan for post s	nen on crite Survey.	ria and prepares
		5.	Submits to Dist posed program f	rict Mainter or conversio	nance Engineer pro- on to steel.
Foreman		6.	Conducts survey posts are requir	and identified.	fies location where
		7.	Recommendssecti schedules the i	ons to conve nstallation	ert to steel and •
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Form 2640 C (Rev. 6/70)