MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION M.DOT

EVALUATION OF THE DELAMINATION OF THE POLYURETHANE TOPCOAT

D. C. Long

Research Laboratory Section Materials and Technology Division Research Project 92 TI-1630 Research Report R-1328

Michigan Transportation Commission Barton W. LaBelle, Chairman; Richard T. White, Vice-Chairman; Robert M. Andrews, Jack L. Gingrass Irving J. Rubin, John C. Kennedy Patrick M. Nowak, Director Lansing, February 1994

Action Plan

- 1. Engineering Operations Committee
 - A. Approve this report.
- 2. R. A. Welke, Deputy Director, Bureau of Highways
 - A. Transmit report to FHWA.
- 3. Materials and Technology Division
 - A. Project complete; investigate any future top coat delamination problems.
 - B. Send copies of this report to all painting contractors, including those who coated the affected structures.
 - C. Prepare a MATES article on moisture related problems.
- 4. Construction Division
 - A. Oversee repair by contractors of structures under warranty contract.
- 5. Maintenance Division
 - A. Repair structures not under a warranty contract.

Executive Summary

بعد الانفاقة

The following report discusses top-coat delamination affecting 10 bridges coated in 1991, four of which are under a warranty specification. The investigation did not find a satisfactory explanation why nine structures completed in September and October of 1991 developed the same failure. Inspectors did not observe any dirt or other foreign material between the intermediate and top coats, so moisture on the steel is the likely cause of delamination. Late in the season, conditions are conducive to moisture formation, but there is no indication that 1991 was different from previous years. A possible explanation is that the urethane formulation that year was unusually sensitive to ambient moisture and the contractors, anxious to complete projects, did not consider top-coat application critical to performance. The inspection team found that peeling on each structure was confined to one or two spans over traffic lanes. Contractors usually paint one span in a day, which supports the hypothesis that weather conditions on a given day contributed to delamination.

The general repair procedure is to power tool clean the affected areas without damaging the underlying coats, then recoat with one mil of polyurethane. This procedure was used in 1992 to satisfactorily repair three bridges. The original contractor will repair the four bridges in this study under a warranty contract at the end of the two-year warranty period. Maintenance forces will repair the remaining structures at our expense.

The opinion of the investigators is that delamination is not widespread, and resulted from a unique set of conditions that existed in 1991. Other than encouraging the field inspectors to take dew-point readings close to the areas being coated, the investigators recommend no specification changes. The most cost-effective solution is to hold the contractor accountable for performance by expanding the warranty program.

Introduction

In early 1992, Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) field personnel discovered delaminated top coats on three bridges: I-69 under Vernon Road, I-69 under Grand River, and Schaefer Road over I-96. In March of 1992, the Maintenance Division requested Materials and Technology determine the cause of the delaminations and recommend repair methods for these three structures. During bridge paint warranty inspections in May 1992, the inspection team discovered several more bridges with the same problem. These structures, along with two others, were added to this study, bringing the total number of bridges to 10 (Table 1). One of the original structures in this study, I-69 under Grand River, was inspected, but it has a different type of delamination, which will not be discussed in detail. It is also not included in the tables.

| TABLE 1 | | | | | |
|------------|----------|---------------|---------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Contractor | Warranty | Structure No. | Structure No. Description Co | | |
| WWA | No | B01 of 20015 | I-75 SB Over Au Sable River | Oct 1991 | |
| WWA | Yes | R01 of 20014 | I-75 SB Over D&M RR | Oct 1991 | |
| WWA | Yes | S01. of 20015 | N. Down River Rd. Over I-75 | Oct 1991 | |
| WWA | No | S11 of 41029 | M-45 Over I-196 WB | Oct 1991 | |
| WWA | No | S12 of 41029 | I-196 EB Over M-45 | Oct 1991 | |
| WWA | No | R03 of 41131 | Franklin St Over US-131 & Ramps | Oct 1991 | |
| Ch-Weber | Yes | S04 of 73171 | Busch Rd Over I-75 | Sept 1991 | |
| Ch-Weber | Yes | S06 of 73171 | Curtis Rd Over I-75 | Sept 1991 | |
| Ch-Weber | No | S06 of 76023 | I-69 Under Vernon Rd | Jul 1991 | |
| Progress | No | S14 of 82123 | Schaefer Rd Over I-96 | Oct 1991 | |

This list of structures with top coat delamination may not be complete; however, no new delamination problems have been discovered since July 1993. These 10 bridges comprise about two percent of the structures painted after converting to a three-coat system in 1985.

Discussion

With one exception, all structures in the study were painted in September and October 1991. Vernon Road, the exception, was painted in July 1991.

W.W.A., Inc. coated six of the 10 structures, while Champaign-Webber and Progress Painting coated the rest, and all used Carboline's system (658, 190HB and 134). The investigation did not find a satisfactory explanation why nine structures completed in a two-month period all developed the same failure. Weather conditions, coating materials, and contractor practices could all be causes, but were not unique to the subjects of this study. Busch Road and Curtis Road, for example, were painted at the same time as Townline Road, yet Townline did not exhibit any peeling or delamination problem. Late in the season, conditions are conducive to moisture formation, but there is no indication that 1991 was different from previous years. Also, Carboline is a proven system used successfully for several years. All three contractors had the same problem, which seems to rule out faulty procedures. explanation is that for some reason the urethane formulation that year was unusually sensitive to ambient moisture and the contractors, anxious to complete projects, did not consider top-coat application critical to performance.

Inspection Procedures

Representatives from Materials and Technology, Maintenance and Construction Divisions inspected each bridge from the Reach-All vehicle. The Reach-All enabled the inspection team to observe the structural steel, take close-up photographs of the affected areas (Appendix A), and scrape off samples of the delaminated coating for further analysis. A detailed inspection report was completed for each structure (Appendix B).

The inspection team found that peeling on each structure appeared only on one or two spans over traffic lanes. Each beam within the affected span showed delamination, with the top of the bottom flange frequently being the starting point for peeling. Contractors usually paint one span in a day, which supports the hypothesis that weather conditions on a given day contributed to delamination. Brush and Vernon Roads will need extensive or complete repair of entire spans or sections, the rest will require zone or spot repairs.

Findings 4 1

A microscopic examination of samples collected from the field verified the observation that the top coat separated cleanly from the intermediate coat. Painting over foreign material, such as dirt, oil, or moisture will cause intercoat delamination. Inspectors did not observe any dirt or other foreign material between the intermediate and top coats, so moisture on the previously painted intermediate coat is the likely cause of delamination. Examining a coating after it is cured, however, will not reveal whether the contractor painted over a thin layer of moisture.

Investigators obtained copies of the field inspector's Interim Daily Report (IDR) to check if conditions were favorable for moisture formation at the time of painting. They found that temperature and humidity readings are frequently missing from the IDRs (Table 2), but in cases where temperatures were recorded, the contractor applied the top coat within specification limits for air and steel temperature, humidity, and recoat time. Our specification requires that the steel temperature be at least five degrees above the dew point before painting can begin. With Michigan's climate, the steel or surface temperature is frequently only seven degrees above the dew point during much of the painting season, creating the potential for localized areas to be at or near the dew point and collect moisture. Field inspectors usually take one or two dew-point readings, so it is possible that isolated areas did not meet specification requirements. For this reason, MDOT specifications require the contractor to be responsible for this type of quality control to avoid painting over moisture.

| TABLE 2 | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|---------|------|-------|-----|-------|-----|
| Bridge | Section | Peeling | Date | Steel | Dew | Diff. | Air |
| Townline Rd. | tailspan,abut A | N | 9-5 | N/A | 52 | N/A | 56 |
| Townline Rd. | tailspan,abut B | N | 9-5 | N/A | 63 | N/A | 78 |
| Busch Rd. | tailspan,abut A | N | 9-5 | 80 | 65 | 15 | 80 |
| Busch Rd. | median | N | 9-10 | 78 | 71 | 7 | 78 |
| Busch Rd. | NB lanes | N | 10-1 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Busch Rd. | SB lanes | Y | 10-1 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Curtis Rd. | tailspan | N | 5-31 | 79 | 73 | 6 | 80 |
| Curtis Rd. | tailspan,abut A | N | 7-30 | 70 | 63 | 7 | 71 |
| Curtis Rd. | median/lt.sh'ldr | N | 7-31 | N/A | 72 | N/A | 82 |
| Curtis Rd. | SB rt. 2 lanes | Y | 9-12 | 57 | 51 | 6 | 58 |
| Curtis Rd. | NB rt. 2 lanes | N | 9-19 | 59 | 47 | 12 | 58 |
| Vernon Rd. | Span 4 | N | 7-3 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Vernon Rd. | Span 1 | N | 7-30 | N/A | 59 | N/A | N/A |
| Vernon Rd. | 15' of Span 3 | Y | 7-30 | N/A | 59 | N/A | N/A |
| Vernon Rd. | Span 2 | N | 7-31 | N/A | 59 | N/A | N/A |
| Vernon Rd. | Span 3 | Y | 7-31 | N/A | 59 | N/A | N/A |
| I-75 SB/D&M RR | N. tailspan | N | 10-3 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

| TABLE 2 | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------|---------|------|-------|-----|-------|-----|
| Bridge | Section | Peeling | Date | Steel | Dew | Diff. | Air |
| I-75 SB/D&M RR | Span 1 | Y | 10-3 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| I-75 SB/D&M RR | Span 2 | N | 10-3 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

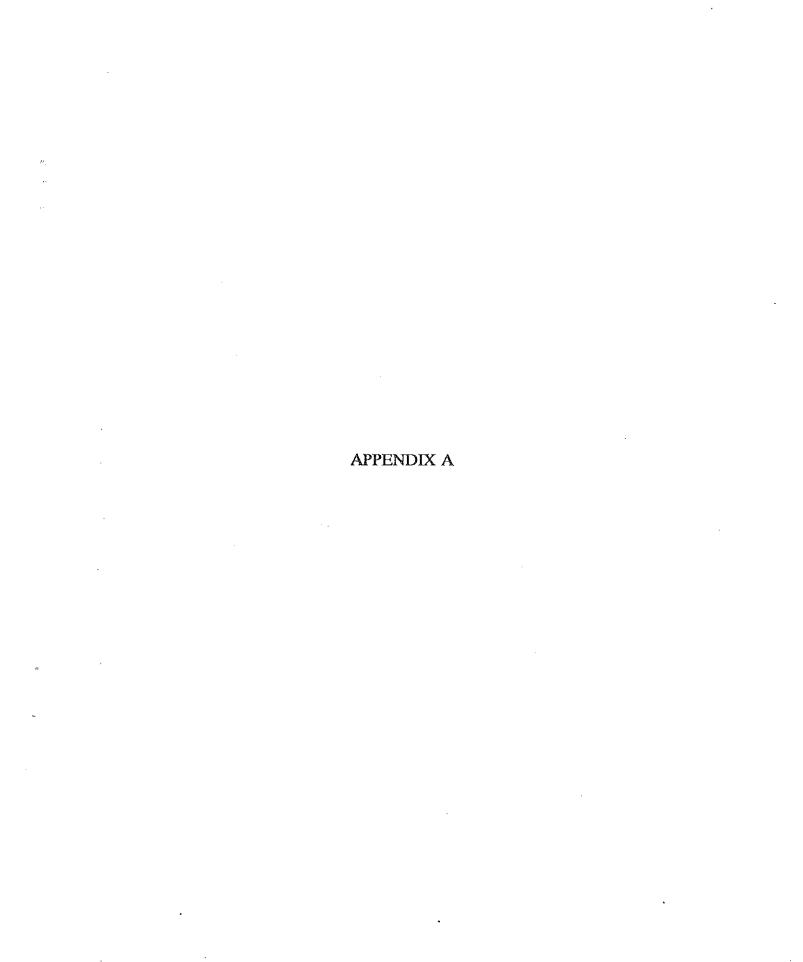
The only bridge that did not have top-coat peeling was I-69 under Grand River where the intermediate and top coats peeled away from the primer. This resulted from applying the intermediate coat over an under-cured primer, trapping solvent which caused the coats to separate later. Maintenance forces repaired this structure in 1992.

Repair Procedures

The general repair procedure is to power clean the affected areas without damaging the underlying coats, then recoat with 1 mil of polyurethane. This procedure was used to satisfactorily repair eastbound I-196, Franklin Street and Schaefer Road in 1992. The original contractor will repair bridges in this study that are under a warranty contract at the end of the two-year warranty period. Maintenance forces will repair the remaining bridges at MDOT's expense.

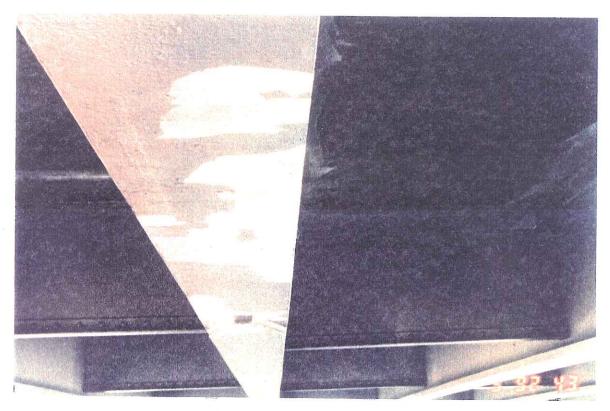
Conclusions and Recommendations

The opinion of the investigators is that such delamination is not widespread and resulted from an unique set of conditions that existed in 1991. To reduce moisture-related delamination of this type would require specification changes including raising the dew-point and steel-temperature differential, requiring total enclosures for painting, and verifying environmental conditions throughout the structure. Other than encouraging the field inspectors to take dew-point readings close to the areas being painted, the investigators recommend making no specification changes. Taking additional dew-point measurements late in the season may help, but it is not practical to take sufficient measurements to ensure moisture-free conditions throughout the structure. Revising the steel-temperature and dew-point specification is also impractical, because it would severely limit the number of days contractors could paint. With only two percent of the bridges painted since 1985 exhibiting delamination, the cost of requiring total enclosure is not justified at this time. If delamination continues to be a problem, the department should re-evaluate the cost of specification changes. The most cost-effective solution is to hold the contractor accountable for performance by expanding the warranty program.

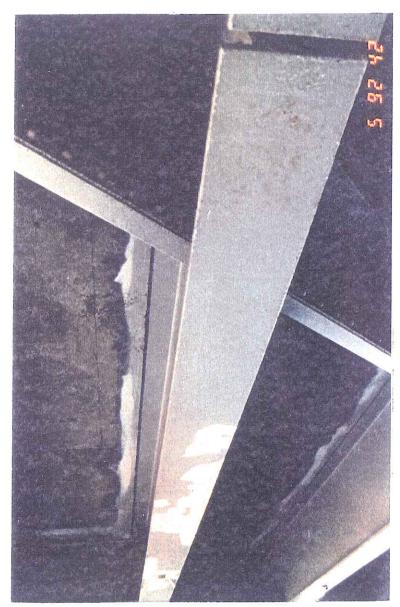




Peeling top coat on bottom of top flange



Peeling top coat on bottom of bottom flange



Peeling topcoat on bottom of bottom flange

APPENDIX B

| PROJECT #: 20015 29593 | STRUCTURE | #: B01 DATE INSPECTED: 06/14/93 |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
| LOCATION: I-75 SB Over Aus | Sable R | INSPECTORS: Phifer, Whelton & Kangas |
| PROJECT ENGINEER OR REPRESE | ENTATIVE: | |
| SUPPLIER OF COATING SYSTEM | : Carboline | 658-190нв-134 |
| PURPOSE: Look at peeling | paint. | |
| | | |
| FAILURE TYPES: NO |) YES | LOCATION |
| PEELING | X | Random on top of bottom flanges. Random. One location under diaphram. Random. |
| FINAL COMMENTS: | | |
| SIGNATURE: Bryn D. | Buck | DATE: 06 / 17 / 93 |

cc:

| PROJECT #: 20014 29593 | STRUCTURE | #: R01 | DATE INSPECTED: 06/14/93 |
|--|-------------|------------------------------|---|
| LOCATION: I-75 SB Over D&M R | <u> </u> | I | |
| becarion: 1-75 SB Over Dam i | KR | INSPECTORS: | B. Beck & K. Whelton |
| PROJECT ENGINEER OR REPRESENT | TATIVE: | | |
| SUPPLIER OF COATING SYSTEM: | Carboline | 658-190нв-1 | .34 |
| PURPOSE: Look at peeling to | opcoat. | | |
| | | | <u> </u> |
| | | | |
| FAILURE TYPES: NO | YES | | LOCATION |
| FADING PEELING | | Very thick | piece of urethane bends |
| BLISTERING | <u> </u> | & then is | brittle on the edges. |
| RUNS AND SAGS PINPOINT RUST | | Numerous - | problem. |
| PINPOINT RUST DAMAGED COATING | • - | | |
| PAINT OVER DEBRIS | - | | |
| DEFICIENT PRIMER | - | | *************************************** |
| DEFICIENT TOPCOAT | | | |
| EVALUATION: Beam B Pier 1 pe east top of bott flange, als | eling on to | op bott flan Beam G 2nd s | <u>qe, peelinq - Beam D</u> pan - dry spray? |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| FOLLOW UP NEEDED: | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| FINAL COMMENTS: | | * | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| signature: Bryn D. Z | Rech | DATE: | 06 / 17 / 93 |

| | | <u> </u> | |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| PROJECT #: 20015 29593 | STRUCTUR | E #: S01 | DATE INSPECTED: 06/14/93 |
| LOCATION: N Down River Rd O | ver I-75 | INSPECTORS: | Phifer, Whelton & Kangas |
| PROJECT ENGINEER OR REPRESEN | TATIVE: | | |
| SUPPLIER OF COATING SYSTEM: | Carboline | ∋ 658-190нв-1: | 34 |
| PURPOSE: Look at peeling p | aint with r | manufacturer's | s representative. |
| | | | |
| | (| | |
| FAILURE TYPES: NO | YES | | LOCATION |
| FADING X PEELING BLISTERING | | Several area | as (see photos). |
| RUNS AND SAGS PINPOINT RUST | <u>X</u> | Random. Along welded | d cover plate & threads |
| DAMAGED COATING X PAINT OVER DEBRIS X DEFICIENT PRIMER DEFICIENT TOPCOAT X | | None observe None observe N/A | connections. ed in area (W&N Beams). ed in area (W&N Beams). |
| EVALUATION: | | | |
| | | | |
| | - <u> </u> | | |
| FOLLOW UP NEEDED: | • | | |
| | | | |
| FINAL COMMENTS: | | | |
| | | | |
| SIGNATURE: Bryon D. 3 | Beck | DATE: | 06 / 17 / 93 |

| PROJECT #: 41029 30982 | STRUCTURE | #: S11 | DATE INSPECTED: 06/15/93 |
|--|-------------|---|---|
| LOCATION: M-45 Over I-196 WE | 3 | INSPECTORS: | B. Beck |
| PROJECT ENGINEER OR REPRESENT | CATIVE: | <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> | |
| SUPPLIER OF COATING SYSTEM: | Carboline | 658-190нв-1 | 34 |
| PURPOSE: Look at peeling to | opcoat. | | |
| | | | |
| FAILURE TYPES: NO | YES | | LOCATION |
| FADING X PEELING X BLISTERING X RUNS AND SAGS PINPOINT RUST DAMAGED COATING PAINT OVER DEBRIS X DEFICIENT PRIMER X | X | Some small | nd diaphrams. areas at Pier 2. pport marks. |
| DEFICIENT TOPCOAT | X | Some small | areas. |
| EVALUATION: Average coatings on surfaces after paint cure paint coverage at Pier 1 bot | ed. At Pier | : 1 paint ove | ed by steel shot left er rust at Bolster poor |
| FOLLOW UP NEEDED: | | | |
| | | | |
| FINAL COMMENTS: | | | |
| | | | |
| signature: Bryon D. | Beel | DATE: | 06 / 17 / 93 |

| PROJECT #: 41029 30982 | STRUCTURE | #: S12 | DATE INSPECTED: 06/15/93 |
|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| LOCATION: I-196 EB Over M-4 | 5 | INSPECTORS | : Mark, Eileen & Rick |
| PROJECT ENGINEER OR REPRESEN | TATIVE: | | |
| SUPPLIER OF COATING SYSTEM: | Carboline | 658-190нв- | 134 |
| PURPOSE: Peeling paint. | | | · |
| | | | |
| FAILURE TYPES: NO | YES | | LOCATION |
| FADING X PEELING BLISTERING X RUNS AND SAGS PINPOINT RUST DAMAGED COATING | X X X | Random. Near joints Between 3 8 | & 11 from E; & Beam 11. S. 4 Beam from E; Beams tween 10 & 11. |
| PAINT OVER DEBRIS DEFICIENT PRIMER DEFICIENT TOPCOAT | | Random (lir | nited) (facia). |
| EVALUATION: Painted in Septe | ember 1991. | | |
| | | | |
| FOLLOW UP NEEDED: | | | |
| | | | |
| FINAL COMMENTS: | | , | |
| | | | |
| SIGNATURE: Bryn D. B. | ech_ | DATE: | 06 / 17 / 93 |

| PROJECT #: 41131 30011 | STRUCTURE | #: R03 | DATE INSPECTED: 06/15/93 | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| LOCATION: Franklin Over 131 | & Ramps | INSPECTORS: | E. Phifer | | | |
| PROJECT ENGINEER OR REPRESENTATIVE: | | | | | | |
| SUPPLIER OF COATING SYSTEM: | SUPPLIER OF COATING SYSTEM: Carboline 658-190HB-134 | | | | | |
| PURPOSE: Peeling paint prob | blem with p | aint manufac | eturer. | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| FAILURE TYPES: NO | YES | | LOCATION | | | |
| FADING X PEELING BLISTERING X RUNS AND SAGS PINPOINT RUST DAMAGED COATING X PAINT OVER DEBRIS X DEFICIENT PRIMER DEFICIENT TOPCOAT | | See notes i Random. Random. Some random | n evaluation. | | | |
| EVALUATION: 1st, 5th & 6th topcoat. Paint chips were non-pinholed. | spans (only all of the |) from north following; t | n, random peeling of chick, thin, pinholed, | | | |
| FOLLOW UP NEEDED: FINAL COMMENTS: | | | | | | |
| signature: Bryon D. E | Beck | DATE: | 06 / 17 // 93 | | | |

INSPECTION

DATE:

July 24, 1992

INSPECTOR:

B. Beck

PROJECT #:

28076

STRUCTURE #:

S14

LOCATION: Schaefer Road Over I-96

ACTIVE:

PROJECT ENGINEER:

C. Dargin

PURPOSE:

Investigate peeling coatings.

DISCUSSION:

RESULTS:

Area of peeling coating has been repaired.

FOLLOW UP NEEDED:

FINAL COMMENTS:

NAME: Bryon Beck

DATE:

July 24, 1992

J. W. Reincke (92 TI-1630) E. M. Phifer

| PROJECT #: 76023 | STRUCTUE | Æ #: S06 | DATE INSPECTED: | 10/18/93 | |
|--|------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------|--|
| LOCATION: Vernon Road | | INSPECTORS: | Phifer & Beck | , | |
| PROJECT ENGINEER OR REPRESENTATIVE: Pierce | | | | | |
| SUPPLIER OF COATING SYSTEM: | Carboline | <u>·</u> | | | |
| PURPOSE: Warranty project in | nspection. | | | | |
| | | | | 182 | |
| FAILURE TYPES: NO | YES | | LOCATION | | |
| FADING X PEELING | | See notes. | | | |
| PINPOINT RUST | X | See notes. | | | |
| DAMAGED COATING PAINT OVER DEBRIS | | See notes. See notes. | | | |
| DEFICIENT PRIMER | <u> </u> | See notes. See notes. | | | |
| DEFICIENT TOPCOAT | <u> </u> | See notes. | | | |
| EVALUATION: See notes. | | | | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| FOLLOW UP NEEDED: None. | | | | | |
| FINAL COMMENTS: Interim repo | rt will i | nclude this b | cidge. | | |
| signature: LPhy | | DATE: | 11 / 2 / 93 | | |

cc:

J. W. Reincke (90 TI-1515)

R. E. Nordlund

E. M. Phifer

Span 1 -

Edge rusting on all beams; random location; peeling random and limited areas on all beams except beam A and on random diaphragms. Some peeling is directly related to painting over contaminates.

Span 2 -

EB lane sign; painted over rust in both sign support beams pin and hanger area; pins not painted. Painted over rust; several areas of mech. Damage guide plates were not removed - rust around them. Slivers rusting on all beams and most diaphragms. Rusting edges on diaphragms in pin area. Rusting behind bolts on diaphragm. Rusting from pinholes at welded areas. No flaking, just painting over debris.

Span 3 -

Same as span 2. West fascia painted over debris on top of bottom flange - more peeling of urethane on bottom bottom flange this span - lots of slivers and burrs - painted over debris all over span, mostly concrete over flow from deck repair.

| re- | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---|--|
| PROJECT #: 73171/29616 | STRUCTUR | E #: S06 | DATE INSPECTED: 10/14/93 |
| LOCATION: E. Curtis Rd. Ove | er I-75 | INSPECTOR | S: Whelton & Phifer |
| PROJECT ENGINEER OR REPRESEN | NTATIVE: | Ertel | |
| SUPPLIER OF COATING SYSTEM: | Carboline | 658-190нв- | 134 |
| PURPOSE: Final warranty ins | spection. | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | E. |
| | | | |
| FAILURE TYPES: NO | YES | | LOCATION |
| FADING X PEELING BLISTERING RUNS AND SAGS PINPOINT RUST DAMAGED COATING PAINT OVER DEBRIS DEFICIENT PRIMER DEFICIENT TOPCOAT EVALUATION: On diaphragm & none at all; chrome plated p Painted over rust on anchor plates. Some slivers & mech | X X X X X X X X X plate edge | pinpoint s there is i ot topcoated ts on diaphr | nsufficient coating or land have some rusting. |
| FOLLOW UP NEEDED: None. | | | |
| FINAL COMMENTS: Interim rep | ort will in | nclude this | bridge. |
| signature: 4 Phyt | | DATE: | 11 / 2 / 93 |
| | | | |

J. W. Reincke (90 TI-1515) R. E. Nordlund

E. M. Phifer

on facia over right shoulder on NB and left diaphragm lane on south facia and subsequent beams. NB some flaking (peeling) on edge of bottom flange in from mech. or physical damage. Cover plate weld has pinpoint rust.

Pinhole rusting on weldment of cover plate. Some areas of the bottom of diaphragms over top of bottom flange of beams have pinhole rusting. Thick paint pop off on beam B top bottom flange at diaphragm over NB lane. Pinhole rust on bottom bottom flange over pier 1 & 2, worse on pier 1. Also, bottom sole plate and top bearing plate rusting. Rust staining from anchor bolt holes.

NB median shoulder area diaphragm ends and anchor bolts over pier 2 need repair. Intermediate diaphragm rivets, bottom row, have missed areas on bottom edge. Rust spots along bottom flange cover plate welds, on most beams. Top of bottom flange on beam D over fast lane has paint over dirt. Other flanges look similar, only over fast lane. Intermediate diaphragm over fast lane between beams B & C has some rust showing. South fascia beam over fast lane has a very rough finish - dirt in topcoat?

| PROJECT #: 73171 29616 | STRUCTURE | #: SO4 DATE ÎNSPECTED: 06/14/93 |
|---|-----------|--|
| LOCATION: Busch Rd. Over I- | -75 | INSPECTORS: K. Whelton |
| PROJECT ENGINEER OR REPRESEN | NTATIVE: | |
| SUPPLIER OF COATING SYSTEM: | Carboline | 658-190нв-134 |
| PURPOSE: Look at peeling t | copcoat. | |
| FAILURE TYPES: NO | YES | LOCATION |
| PAINT OVER DEBRIS DEFICIENT PRIMER DEFICIENT TOPCOAT EVALUATION: | | N. Fascia/SB Slow Lane-Top Flange? Also, bot. of bot. flange - 15. Peeling Beam E - Top, Web, Bottom. Peeling inside Beam F. |
| FINAL COMMENTS: | | |
| signature: Brigo D. Z | Beck | DATE: 06 / 17 / 93 |