MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISION FOR HIGH FRICTION SURFACE TREATMENT

STM:JDC

1 of 5

APPR:CM:PDS:03-13-25 FHWA:APPR:03-17-25

a. Description. This work consists of cleaning/preparing pavement surfaces and applying a one coat high friction surface treatment (HFST). Ensure preparation of pavement surfaces and application of materials are in accordance with this special provision and the manufacturer's recommendations. Bring any discrepancies between the two to the attention of the Engineer.

b. Materials. Ensure the physical requirements of the properly proportioned and mixed binder meet the requirements in Table 1:

Property	Test Method	Testing Details	Polymeric Resin Requirements	Methyl Methacrylate Resin Requirements
Viscosity	ASTM D2556	Use 1 pint sample. Mix 2 to 3 minutes before testing.	Class C: 7 - 30 poises	Class C: 12- 20 poises
Gel Time	AASHTO M235M/M235	Prepare a 60 gram sample.	Class C: 10 minutes minimum	Class C: 10 minutes minimum
Ultimate Tensile Strength	AASHTO M235M/M235	Prepare Type I specimens per ASTM D638. Cure for 7 days.	2500 - 5000 psi	1500 - 5000 psi
Elongation at break point	AASHTO M235M/M235		30 – 70%	30 – 70%
Durometer Hardness (shore D)	ASTM D2240	Cure for 7 days. Use Type 1 stand –Type D Durometer.	60 - 80	40 - 75
Compressive Strength	ASTM C579	Prepare specimens per Method "B" (2" cube) using 2.75 parts of sand to one part mixed binder by volume. Sand must meet <i>ASTM</i> <i>C778</i> , 20-30 sand. Short duration cure for 3 hours maximum. Long duration cure for 7 days.	1,000 psi minimum at 3 hours 5,000 psi minimum at 7 days	1,000 psi minimum at 3 hours 2000 psi minimum at 7 days
Cure Rate (Dry through time)	ASTM D1640/D1640M	Prepare a specimen of 50-55 wet mil thickness. Cure for 3 hours maximum.	3 hours maximum	3 hours maximum
Water Absorption	AASHTO M235M/M235		1% maximum	1% maximum
Adhesive Strength at 24 hours	ASTM C1583/C1583M	Cure for 24 hours.	250 psi minimum or 100% substrate failure	250 psi minimum or 100% substrate failure

Table 1: Physical Requirements of the Binder

Cure all specimens at 73 °F and at 50 °F for the noted time. Tolerances for testing and curing temperatures will be ± 2 °F. Run all resin binder tests at 73 °F. Run tests without delay if testing temperature does not match curing temperature.

Furnish surface aggregate that is calcined bauxite (minimum of 87 percent aluminum oxide per *Section 15 of ASTM C25*) which is clean, dry, and free from foreign matter. Ensure the aggregate meets the gradation shown in Table 2.

Sieve Size	Minimum % Passing	Maximum % Passing			
3/8	100	100			
4	98	100			
8	30	75			
16	0	5			
30	0	1			
Pan	0	0			

Table 2: Aggregate Gradation

Furnish a general certification per the *MQAP Manual* to the Engineer that the materials meet the requirements specified herein.

c. Construction.

1. Equipment. Furnish a distribution system or distributor capable of accurately blending the resin and hardening agent, and uniformly accurately applying the binder materials at the specified rate to the pavement in such a manner as to cover 100 percent of the work area. Furnish an aggregate spreader capable of uniformly and accurately applying clean dry aggregate to cover 100 percent of the binder material.

Ensure a system is in place to remove excess debris and aggregate.

For hand applications, furnish calibrated containers, a Jiffy® type mixer, and 1/4-inch notched squeegees which are suitable for mixing and applying the binder. Use of brooms or straight floor squeegees for binder application is prohibited.

For mechanical applications, furnish mixing equipment that will automatically and accurately proportion the components in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, mix and continuously place the binder. Ensure the operation proceeds in such a manner that will not allow the mixed material to segregate, dry, be exposed or otherwise harden in such a way as to impair the retention and bonding of broadcasted aggregate.

2. Surface Preparation. The Engineer will inspect patching and cleaning operations. The Engineer's approval is required prior to HFST installation. Protect utilities, drainage structures, curbs, bridge expansion joint devices, pavement expansion and contraction joints, working pavement cracks over 1/4 inch wide, and any other structure within or adjacent to the HFST location from surface preparation activities and application of the surface treatment materials. Protect all existing pavement markings that are adjacent to the HFST location from surface preparation of the surface treatment materials. Remove no more surface material than will be replaced during installation of the HFST, however ensuring

the surface profile requirements of subsections c.2.A and c.2.B are still met.

A. Concrete. Do not perform surface preparation or installation of HFST on concrete less than 28 days of age. Ensure that traffic paint lines and surface texturing or grooving are completely removed. Clean the entire concrete surface by shotblasting to remove all materials that may interfere with the bonding or curing of the binder utilizing a minimum steel shot size of S-390. Ensure areas that cannot be shotblasted are cleaned by abrasive blasting The cleaned concrete surface must meet the *International Concrete Repair Institute Guideline 310.2R, Selecting and Specifying Concrete Surface Preparation for Sealers, Coatings, Polymer Overlays and Concrete Repair,* CSP 5. Ensure mortar is sound and sufficiently bonded to the coarse aggregate and presents a uniform CSP necessary for adequate bond. Use a vacuum truck or oil-free moisture-free air blast to remove all dust and other loose material. Brooms are prohibited. Remove any oil or other contamination after initial cleaning.

B. Asphalt. Do not perform surface preparation or installation of HFST on asphalt less than 30 days of age. Ensure that traffic paint lines are removed. Ensure existing crack seal treatments are removed flush to the asphalt surface. Clean the entire asphalt surface by shotblasting to remove all materials that may interfere with the bonding or curing of the binder utilizing a minimum steel shot size of S-390. Ensure areas that cannot be shotblasted are cleaned by abrasive blasting. The cleaned asphalt surface must meet the *International Concrete Repair Institute Guideline 310.2R, Selecting and Specifying Concrete Surface Preparation for Sealers, Coatings, Polymer Overlays and Concrete Repair,* CSP 5. Ensure abrasive blasting or shotblasting system is calibrated before operation on the traveled way. Use a vacuum truck or oil-free moisture-free air blast to remove all dust and other loose material. Brooms are prohibited. Remove any oil or other contamination after initial cleaning.

Verify that the compressed air used for any work is free of oil and moisture contamination in accordance with *ASTM D4285*. Use either an absorbent or a nonabsorbent white collector positioned within 24 inches of the air-discharge point, centered in the air stream. Allow air to discharge onto the collector for a minimum of 1 minute. Visually examine the collector for the presence of oil and/or water. Conduct the test at least one time per shift for each compressor system in operation in the presence of the Engineer. If air contamination is evident, adjust to achieve clean, dry air. Examine the work performed since the last acceptable test for evidence of defects or contamination due to contaminated compressed air. All cost associated with this work will be borne by the Contractor.

Control and minimize airborne dust and similar debris generated by surface preparation and cleanup to prevent a hazard to motor vehicle operation or nuisance to adjacent property. Meet the requirements of subsection 107.15.A.1 of the Standard Specifications for Construction and other applicable contract requirements regarding dust control.

3. Application. Ensure surface is visibly dry and no capillary moisture is present according to *ASTM D4263* (modified to 2 hours). Ensure handling and mixing of the binder is performed in a safe manner to achieve the desired results in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for a one-coat system or as directed by the Engineer. Apply the binder at a coverage rate of no less than 4 gallons per 100 square foot.

Do not place overlay materials when the concrete surface is less than 50 °F or ambient air temperature is forecast to fall below 50 °F within 8 hours of application. Do not place binder

materials if weather or surface conditions are such that the material cannot be properly handled, placed, and cured within the manufacturer's requirements and specified requirements of traffic control. In the event of unexpected precipitation ensure all uncured HFST is immediately covered and protected with plastic sheeting. Ensure areas exposed to precipitation or that have cured prior to receiving broadcast aggregate are removed and replaced at no additional cost to the Department.

A. Mechanized Binder Application. Apply the binder by a truck or trailer mounted application machine that is capable of continually mixing and delivering the binder components on demand within the temperature range specified in varying widths at a uniform application thickness. Ensure that the mechanically applied distributing equipment includes accurate measuring devices and/or calibrated containers and thermometers for measuring the binder temperature prior to placement, should heating be required. Do not allow the binder material to separate in the mixing lines, cure, dry, or otherwise impair retention bonding of the high friction surfacing aggregate. Uniformly spread the mechanically applied binder with a 1/4 inch notched squeegee.

B. Hand Binder Application. Ensure that after the binder mixture has been prepared for the overlay, it is immediately and uniformly applied to the pavement with a 1/4-inch notched squeegee.

C. Aggregate Application. Apply the clean dry aggregate in such a manner as to cover the binder mixture completely within 5 minutes. Ensure no bleed through, or wet spots are visible in the overlay. Minimize all foot traffic on the uncured binder and ensure any foot traffic will only be done with steel spiked shoes approved by the Engineer. Remove and replace applications which do not receive enough aggregate at no additional cost to the Department. Remove all loose aggregate by vacuuming or brooming after the curing period. Excess aggregate may be reused if it is clean, dry, free from foreign matter, and meets gradation requirements. Blend the excess aggregate at a ratio of 3 parts virgin material to 1-part recycled material. Inspect aggregate recovery equipment prior to reclamation operation to prevent the introduction of foreign material. Collect excess aggregate within 24 hours of placement. Do not collect excess aggregate that has been rained on or driven on.

Ensure the minimum curing periods are in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation or longer if directed by the Engineer. Ensure HFST is applied within 24 hours of the final cleaning, and prior to opening the area to traffic. Do not allow traffic or equipment on the overlay surface during the curing period or prior to reclaiming excess aggregate.

Remove and replace any areas damaged or marred by the Contractor's operations in accordance with this special provision. All cost associated with this work will be borne by the Contractor.

Remove and replace areas as directed by the Engineer and in accordance with 20SP712D – Removal of Thin Epoxy Polymer Bridge Deck Overlay.

Furnish the Engineer with all records including, but not limited to, the following for each batch provided:

• batch numbers and sizes (if applicable),

- location of batches as placed on pavement, referenced by stations (if applicable),
- epoxy yield, referenced by stations,
- batch time (if applicable),
- temperature of air, pavement surface, binder components, and aggregates,
- loose aggregate removal time, and
- time open to traffic.

4. Clean Up. At the end of the project or a minimum 7 days after the HFST has cured, remove, and dispose of all loose aggregate that has shed from the epoxy binder by vacuuming or brooming. Do not re-use this aggregate.

d. Measurement and Payment. The completed work, as described, will be measured and paid for at contract unit price using the following pay item:

High Friction Surface Treatment includes cleaning, preparing, and applying a HFST to asphalt or concrete pavement including any protection to adjacent areas and clean-up.